# Eyeopener

# Energetic rise in inflation

Today flash inflation print for July in Poland and the eurozone, FOMC decision Polish ESI index down 1.8 pts on worse consumer sentiment Eurozone GDP up 0.3% q/q in 2Q, German GDP dropped by 0.1% q/q

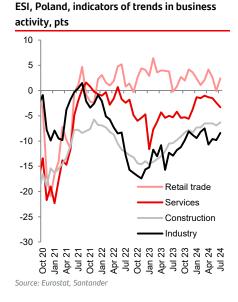
Today, the stats office (GUS) will publish a flash estimate of July CPI inflation, which will most likely not only indicate that inflation has rebounded strongly due to increases in electricity and gas bills, but also that after five months it has again exceeded the upper limit of the target tolerance band. According to our estimates, inflation rose to 4.3% y/y (from 2.6% y/y in June), i.e. 0.1 pp below the market consensus. Preliminary data on inflation in July will also come from the euro zone and, according to the consensus, should indicate that its annual growth rate remained at 2.5%. For global markets, the FOMC decision will be the most important event. The consensus suggests that the Fed will not decide to cut interest rates yet, but J. Powell's press conference may provide the market with new hints to review the expected date of the first rate cut. In addition, the ADP report will also come from the USA, containing information on employment growth in the private sector in July, and data on pending home sales in June. The so-called government PMI indices for China, published overnight, showed marginal downside changes in sentiment in industry and services - the composite index remained slightly above 50 points, but at the same time was the lowest since December 2022. In the morning, the Bank of Japan decided to hike interest rates by 15bp (the main rate to 0.25%) and announced a moderate pace of reduction in government bond purchases (halving monthly purchases by 1Q2026).

**Polish seasonally adjusted Economic Sentiment Indicator fell in July by 1.8 pts to 99.6 pts.** It went below the long-term average for the first time since last December. Among the components which caused the weakening of the general indicator, the most notable was the decline in consumer sentiment. The sub-index fell sharply by 3.5 pts to 0.0 pts as a result of a deterioration in the assessments of own financial situation and the general economic situation. In our opinion, hard economic data do not point to a weakening of consumption and the decline in consumer sentiment may be caused by the July increases in costs of living, and in our opinion, may be temporary. An improvement was recorded in the retail sector, with the sector's index rising by 1.2 pts to -1.0 pts. The deterioration of sentiment in industry seen in previous months came to a halt. In the euro area, the overall ESI index recorded a slight decline, by 0.1 pts to 95.8 pts, with a weakening in the retail, services and industry sectors, as well as an improvement in the construction and consumer sectors.

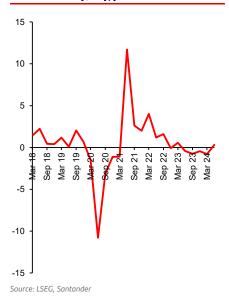
The seasonally adjusted GDP growth rate in the euro increased from 0.5% y/y in 1Q24 to 0.6% y/y in 2Q24, while maintaining the q/q growth rate at 0.3% (according to Bloomberg, 0.2% was expected). Nevertheless, the results of Germany, as well as the economies of the CEE region, were weaker than expected. Contrary to expectations of slight growth, Germany's GDP shrank by 0.1% q/q, which left its annual seasonally adjusted growth rate at -0.1% y/y (non-seasonally adjusted GDP increased however to +0.3% y/y, above zero for the first time since 1Q23). Spain did particularly well in 2Q (+0.8% q/q), as also did France (+0.3% q/q). Hungary's GDP fell by 0.2% q/q, although the market assumed that it would grow by 0.5% q/q, and the Czech GDP increased by 0.3% q/q, which is 0.2 percentage points less than expected. The published data are preliminary and do not yet contain information on the behaviour of the GDP components but suggest that we still need to wait for a clear and broad-based economic recovery in Europe.

**EURPLN near 4.30.** Yesterday's session was marked by mixed results in equity markets. The EURUSD exchange rate recorded slight fluctuations above 1.08 in anticipation of the outcome of the Fed meeting with slightly better-than-forecast data from the Eurozone (GDP, ESI) and the US (Conference Board). The EURPLN exchange rate remained near 4.29, the Czech koruna also recorded small movements near 25.4, and the forint clearly lost about 0.6% to 395.3 per euro under the influence of weaker GDP data.

**Further rate declines**. Yesterday's session saw FRA rates fall by 2-7 bps, IRS by 4-5 bps and bond yields by 2-4 bps. Domestic curves reacted to movement in the core markets and to the weaker-than-forecast GDP data from Germany and the CEE region. Regional curves also moved downward. Today, the focus in the domestic market will be the release of CPI data, which may trigger an upward revision of market rates. Abroad, the most important event will be the evening Fed meeting. A possible signalling of a rate cut in September could steer rates in the core markets downward.



#### GDP in Germany, % y/y



## **Economic Analysis Department:**

al. Jana Pawła II 17, 00-854 Warszawa email: ekonomia@santander.pl website: <u>santander.pl/en/economic-analysis</u> Piotr Bielski +48 691 393 119 Bartosz Białas +48 517 881 807 Cezary Chrapek, CFA +48 887 842 480 Marcin Luziński +48 510 027 662 Grzegorz Ogonek +48 609 224 857

31 July 2024

# 📣 Santander

### FX market

Today's opening			
EURPLN	4.2853	CZKPLN	0.1681
USDPLN	3.9617	HUFPLN*	1.0756
EURUSD	1.0816	RUBPLN	0.0460
CHFPLN	4.4887	NOKPLN	0.3634
GBPPLN	5.0827	DKKPLN	0.5742
USDCNY	7.2265	SEKPLN	0.3682
*for 100HUF			

Last session in the FX market					30.07.2024
	min	max	open	close	fixing
EURPLN	4.2801	4.2959	4.2926	4.2904	4.2845
USDPLN	3.9501	3.9730	3.9662	3.9692	3.9567
EURUSD	1.0795	1.0835	1.0824	1.0806	

Interest rate ma	30.07.2024		
T-bonds on the in	-		
Benchmark	%	Change	-
(term)	70	(bps)	
OK0426 (2Y)	5.01	-3	-
WS0429 (5Y)	5.44	-3	-
DS1033 (10Y)	5.58	-5	-

#### IRS on the interbank market\*\*

Change Change (bps) (bps)
00 -3 3.23 1
47 -5 2.89 -4
22 -4 2.71 -5
07 -5 2.64 -4
)1 -5 2.61 -3
96 -4 2.59 -3
97 -4 2.62 -2
17 22 07 01

### WIRON rate

Term	%	Change (bps)
WIRON	5.22	3

#### WIBOR rates

Term	%	Change (bps)
O/N	5.64	10
T/N	5.80	2
SW	5.84	-1
1M	5.85	-1
3M	5.86	0
6M	5.87	0
1Y	5.85	0

#### FRA rates on the interbank market\*\*

Term	%	Change (bps)
1x4	5.85	0
3x6	5.81	0
6x9	5.66	-1
9x12	5.35	-2
3x9	5.81	1
6x12	5.63	-1

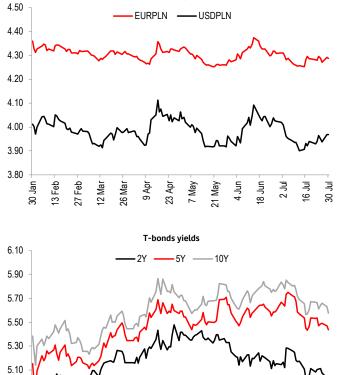
#### CDS rates and 10Y yield spread vs. German Bund

Country	CDS 5Y USD		10Y sp	read*
	Level	Change	Level	Change
		(bps)		(bps)
Poland	66	0	324	-3
France	14	0	71	1
Hungary	120	0	409	-8
Spain	36	0	83	0
Italy	25	0	136	1
Portugal	23	0	64	-1
Ireland	14	0	40	-3
Germany	6	0	-	-

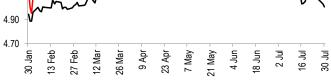
\* 10Y treasury bonds over 10Y Bunds

\*\*Information shows bid levels on the interbank market at the end of the trading day

Source: Refinitiv, Datastream



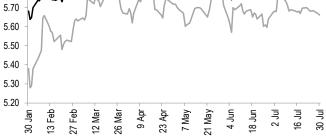
Zloty exchange rate



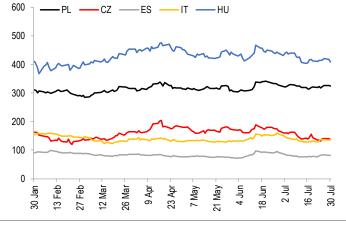


6.10

6.00 5.90 5.80







# Calendar of events and publications

TIME					FORECAST		ACTUAL	LAST
CET	COUNTRY	INDICATOR	PERIOD		MARKET	SANTANDER	VALUE	VALUE*
FRIDAY (26 July)								
14:30	US	Personal Spending	Jun	% m/m	0.3	-	0.3	0.4
14:30	US	Personal Income	Jun	% m/m	0.4	-	0.2	0.4
14:30	US	PCE Deflator SA	Jun	% m/m	0.1	-	0.1	0.0
16:00	US	Michigan index	Jul	pts	66.4	-	66.4	68.2
			MONDAY (29	July)				
			No data relea	ases				
			TUESDAY (30	July)				
08:30	HU	GDP	2Q	% y/y	2.2	-	1.5	1.1
09:00	CZ	GDP SA	2Q	% y/y	0.6	-	0.4	0.3
10:00	DE	GDP WDA	2Q	% q/q	0.0	-	-0.1	-0.1
11:00	EZ	GDP SA	2Q	% y/y	0.5	-	0.6	0.5
11:00	EZ	ESI	Jul	pct.	95.3	-	95.8	95.9
14:00	DE	HICP	Jul	% m/m	0.5	-	0.5	0.2
16:00	US	Consumer Conference Board	Jul	pts	99.8	-	100.3	100.4
			WEDNESDAY (3	31 July)				
10:00	PL	СРІ	Jul	% y/y	4.4	4.3	-	2.6
11:00	EZ	Flash HICP	Jul	% y/y	2.5	-	-	2.5
14:15	US	ADP report	Jul	k	168	-	-	150.0
16:00	US	Pending Home Sales	Jun	% m/m	1.5	-	-	-2.1
20:00	US	FOMC decision	Jul	%	5.50	-	-	5.50
			THURSDAY (1 A	August)				
09:00	PL	Poland Manufacturing PMI	Jul	pts	44.8	44.5	-	45.0
09:55	DE	Germany Manufacturing PMI	Jul	pts	42.6	-	-	42.6
10:00	EZ	Eurozone Manufacturing PMI	Jul	pts	45.6	-	-	45.6
11:00	EZ	Unemployment Rate	Jun	%	6.4	-	-	6.4
14:30	US	Initial Jobless Claims	weekly	k	238	-	-	235
14:30	CZ	Central Bank Rate Decision	Aug	%	4.5	-	-	4.75
16:00	US	ISM manufacturing	Jul	pts	49.0	-	-	48.5
			FRIDAY (2 Au	gust)				
14:30	US	Change in Nonfarm Payrolls	Jul	k	175	-	-	206
14:30	US	Unemployment Rate	Jul	%	4.1	-	-	4.1
16:00	US	Durable Goods Orders	Jun	% m/m	0.3	-	-	-6.6
16:00	US	Factory Orders	Jun	% m/m	0.5	-	-	-0.5

Source: Santander Bank Polska. Bloomberg. Parkiet

\* in the case of a revision the data is updated

This publication has been prepared by Santander Bank Polska S.A. for information purposes only. It is not an offer or solicitation for the purchase or sale of any financial instrument. Information presented in the publication is not an investment advice. All reasonable care has been taken to ensure that the information contained herein is not untrue or misleading. But no representation is made as to its accuracy or completeness. No reliance should be placed on it and no liability is accepted for any loss arising from reliance on it. Forecasts or data related to the past do not guarantee future prices of financial instruments or financial results. Santander Bank Polska S.A. its affiliates and any of its or their officers may be interested in any transactions, securities or commodities referred to herein. Santander Bank Polska S.A. or solicit business from any company referred to herein. This publication is not intended for the use of private investors. Clients should contact analysts at and execute transactions through a Santander Bank Polska S.A. entity in their home jurisdiction unless governing law permits otherwise. Copyright and database rights protection exists in this publication.

Additional information is available on request. Please contact Santander Bank Polska S.A., Financial Management Division, Economic Analysis Department. al. Jana Pawła II 17, 00-854 Warsaw, Poland. phone +48 22 534 18 87, email ekonomia@santander.pl, http://www.santander.pl.