Weekly Economic Update

Major central banks keep hiking rates

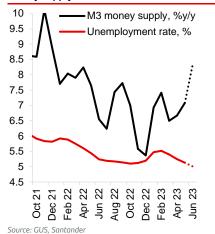
Economy next week

- From the point of view of the contents of the economic events calendar, next week does not look like a 'silly season' and the weight of the information to be released may snap the markets out of their summer holiday slumber.
- Decisions on interest rates will be taken by the Fed and the ECB. Both have communicated that their monetary policies have not been tightened enough yet and the market is pricing in a 25bp hikes at these meetings. The Hungarian central bank will also decide on rates - the main rate (13%) will not be changed in our view, but MNB may again cut the 1-day deposit rate (16%) by 100bp.
- Among the upcoming data we have both the most tracked leading indicators (PMI indices) and one of the most interesting information from the economic 'rear-view mirror' (the first estimate of US economic growth in 2Q). As for the PMIs, the market fears a further deterioration in sentiment in the service sector of Germany and the whole euro area in July, but sees little room for further declines in their manufacturing indices. A positive surprise in European industry would now be an important signal, but we feel it may still be too early for it to emerge.
- Also, **important publications on inflation** are on the schedule: preliminary estimates for July from Germany, France and Spain and the June PCE inflation reading in the US.
- In Poland, we will get to see the money supply, in our view accelerating above 8% y/y for the first time in more than a year, the unemployment rate (falling to 5% despite the slowdown affecting the Polish economy) and other less important details on the economy included in the Statistical Bulletin. At the end of the week, the European Commission will show July's ESI indicators, including for Poland.

Markets next week

- The past week was marked by depreciation pressure in the region, including due to the stronger dollar, but at the same time it became just another opportunity to show the resilience of the zloty. The CZK and HUF lost 1-2% to the euro, while the EURPLN remained almost unchanged, rising slightly only towards the end of the week. The Czech koruna has remained in a depreciating trend since mid-April. Although the rate of weakening of the CZK is slightly faster than envisaged in the CNB's latest projection, the currency may still lose in the coming months. The forint remained highly sensitive to risk appetite, it also weakened under the influence of concerns about the fiscal situation and may lose further in the perspective of the following months. In turn, the pace of the zloty's weakening may be limited by potential BGK's activity in the market, but we still assume that the EURPLN exchange rate will go rather upwards.
- The upward market rates correction we wrote about in the previous weekly report
 actually took off during the week. The outcome of Friday's auction suggests that if it were
 to drag on into next week, its scale is likely to be limited. The calendar does, however,
 contain a number of items that could drive up volatility in the markets.

Money supply



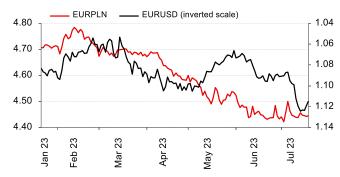
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21 July 2023



EURPLN and EURUSD



Source: Refinitiv Datastream, Santander

EURCZK, EURHUF and USDRUB



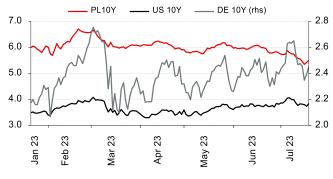
Source: Refinitiv Datastream, Santander Bank Polska

Polish bond yields



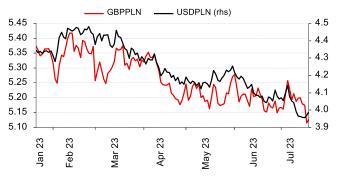
Source: Refinitiv Datastream, Santander Bank Polska

10Y bond yields



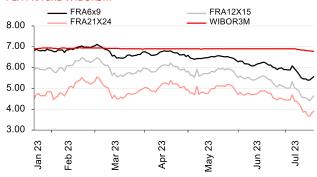
Source: Refinitiv Datastream, Santander

GBPPLN and **USDPLN**



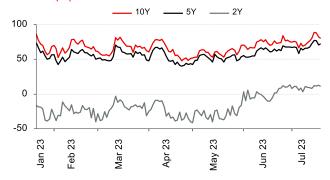
Source: Refinitiv Datastream, Santander Bank Polska

PLN FRA and WIBOR3M

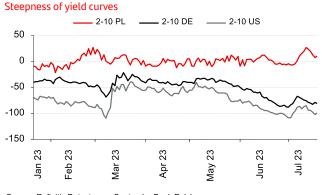


Source: Refinitiv Datastream, Santander Bank Polska

Asset swap spreads



Source: Refinitiv Datastream, Santander Bank Polska



Source: Refinitiv Datastream, Santander Bank Polska

Economic Calendar

TIME	COUNTRY		050100	PERIOD		FORECAST	
CET		INDICATOR	PERIOD			SANTANDER	VALUE
		MO	NDAY (24 July)				
09:30	DE	Germany Manufacturing PMI	Jul	pts	41.0	-	40.6
09:30	DE	Markit Germany Services PMI	Jul	pts	53.0	-	54.1
10:00	EZ	Eurozone Manufacturing PMI	Jul	pts	43.5	-	43.4
10:00	EZ	Eurozone Services PMI	Jul	pts	51.6	-	52.0
14:00	PL	Money Supply M3	Jun	% y/y	7.5	8.3	7.1
		TUE	SDAY (25 July)				
10:00	DE	IFO Business Climate	Jul	pts	88.0	-	88.5
10:00	PL	Unemployment Rate	Jun	%	5.0	5.0	5.1
14:00	HU	Central Bank Rate Decision	Jul.23	%	13.00	-	13.00
16:00	US	Consumer Conference Board	Jul	pts	112.0	-	109.7
		WEDN	NESDAY (26 July)				
16:00	US	New Home Sales	Jun	% m/m	-5.2	-	12.2
20:00	US	FOMC decision	Jul.23	%	5.50	-	5.25
		THUI	RSDAY (27 July)				
14:15	EZ	ECB Main Refinancing Rate	Jul.23	%	4.25	-	4.00
14:30	US	Durable Goods Orders	Jun	% m/m	0.9	-	1.8
14:30	US	GDP Annualized	2Q	% Q/Q	1.8	-	2.0
14:30	US	Initial Jobless Claims	Jul.23	k	236	-	228
16:00	US	Pending Home Sales	Jun	% m/m	-0.5	-	-2.7
		FRI	DAY (28 July)				
11:00	EZ	ESI	Jul	pct.	95.0	-	95.3
14:00	DE	HICP	Jul	% m/m	0.5	-	0.4
14:30	US	Personal Spending	Jun	% m/m	0.4	-	0.1
14:30	US	Personal Income	Jun	% m/m	0.5	-	0.4
14:30	US	PCE Deflator SA	Jun	% m/m	0.2	-	0.1
16:00	US	Michigan index	Jul	pts	72.6	-	64.4

Source: Santander Bank Polska, Reuters, Parkiet, Bloomberg

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