12 December 2022

## Eyeopener

### Inflation pressure is falling in the USA

Today no key releases in Poland, November CPI in Czechia
Polish MPC minutes from November meeting: preference for prolonged return of CPI to the target
US PPI inflation down for the second time in a row, slightly better consumer sentiment
Zloty marginally weaker, Polish bond yields were stable

No major data from the country **today**. From the CEE region, we will got to see the CPI inflation reading from Czechia for November – showing a 1.2% m/m rebound after a surpise 1.4% decline, meaning an unexpected return above 16% y/y from 15.1% in October.

MPC's Ludwik Kotecki said that inflation will peak in February next year. In his view, the appropriate scale of rate hikes per meeting should be more than 25bp but less than 100bp. 25bp steps will be justified when economic activity worsens, particulary if the labour market is affected. In his view a strong depreciation of the zloty could be a trigger to make the MPC discuss rate hike again. According to Kotecki, it is too early to start discussing rate cuts at the end of 2023. MPC's Joanna Tyrowicz expressed a similar opinion. Przemysław Litwiniuk supports further rate hikes to keep the zloty in check and to maintain a psychological effect on inflation expectations of households and companies.

The minutes from the Polish MPC meeting in November does not mention any votes on rate change proposals. The decision to keep rates unchanged was, in the majority's view, in line with the 2022 monetary policy guidelines, namely with the flexibility in determining the desired pace of inflation's return to target. In this case, flexibility means stretching out the process over time to avoid macroeconomic destabilisation (such a risk was, in the opinion of the majority, associated with accelerating the fall in inflation to the target with further rate hikes). According to the minority, amid still favourable economic conditions, including on the labour market, high actual and expected inflation, the current level of rates will only cause slow disinflation and will not be sufficient to lower inflation expectations to a level consistent with the medium-term inflation target. We think the bar for a return to rate hikes by the Polish MPC is set very high and the emphasised flexible approach will manifest itself in a long period of keeping rates unchanged, probably at least until the end of 2023.

The preliminary December reading of the University of Michigan's consumer confidence index showed an increase to 59.1 points against market expectations of 57 points (November reading 56.8 points, October reading 59.9 points). Household sentiment improved in December with a better assessment of current conditions (59.1 points in December from 56.8 points in November) and expectations (60.2 points from 58.8 points). Annual inflation is now seen by survey respondents at 4.6% y/y compared to 4.9% y/y in the previous month - still very high, while expected 5-10 year inflation remains stable at 3.0% y/y. Rising inflation concerns, borrowing costs and weakening activity may keep US household sentiment under pressure in the months ahead. November's US PPI inflation reading fell to 7.4% y/y against expectations of 7.2% and 8.1% y/y a month earlier. The decline was mainly due to declines in the energy price component (-3.3% y/y vs +2.3% y/y in October) and transport and storage services (-0.9% y/y vs +0.4% a month earlier). Core PPI inflation (excluding food, energy and transport services) also declined, falling to 4.9% in November against 5.4% in October.

**EURUSD** fluctuated around 1.055. Producer inflation fell for the second month in a row but consumer sentiment as measured by the University of Michigan index improved. This week, the exchange rate will await the Fed and ECB meetings. The slower pace of rate hikes in the US and the announcement of the start of balance sheet reduction by the ECB should favour the common currency.

**EURPLN** has been hovering in the 4.68 - 4.70 zone for several days. The fate of the zloty in the coming days will depend on the decisions and rhetoric of major central banks this week.

Other CEE currencies: EURCZK continued to stabilize around 24.30. Today's inflation reading from Czechia is unlikely to materially affect policy for the CNB, which is awaiting the 1Q23 inflation peak. EURHUF rose to 419 from around 417.

**Debt market:** Domestic yield curve remained stable. The MPC minutes did not affect the market in any way. There were no significant changes in the core bond markets either. Producer inflation in the US fell, but less than market expectations, so markets that had discounted this fact in previous days were unable to react with lower yields.

# University of Michigan US consumer sentiment index, pts



Source: Refinitiv Datastream, Santander

#### **Economic Analysis Department:**

al. Jana Pawła II 17, 00-854 Warszawa email: ekonomia@santander.pl website: <u>santander.pl/en/economic-analysis</u> Piotr Bielski +48 691 393 119 Jarosław Kosaty +48 887 842 480 Marcin Luziński +48 510 027 662 Grzegorz Ogonek +48 609 224 857



FX	ma	rke	

Today's opening			
EURPLN	4.6849	CZKPLN	0.1924
USDPLN	4.4557	HUFPLN*	1.1336
EURUSD	1.0517	RUBPLN	0.0712
CHFPLN	4.7469	NOKPLN	0.4442
GBPPLN	5.4296	DKKPLN	0.6294
USDCNY	6.9766	SEKPLN	0.4288
*610011115			

^ror TOUHUF					
Last sess	09.12.2022				
	min	max	open	close	fixing
EURPLN	4.6751	4.6970	4.6797	4.6931	4.6821
USDPLN	4.4175	4.4617	4.4248	4.4469	4.4351
FLIRLISD	1.0505	1.0588	1.0575	1.0547	_

Interest rate market

09.12.2022

1-bonds on the interbank market^^					
Benchmark (term)	%	Change (bps)			
PS1024 (2Y)	6.79	3			
DS0727 (5Y)	6.60	0			
DS0432 (10Y)	6.48	0			

#### IRS on the interbank market\*\*

Term		PL		US	EZ		
	%	Change (bps)	%	Change (bps)	%	Change (bps)	
1L	7.22	1	5.11	1	2.77	1	
2L	6.65	4	4.64	3	2.87	4	
3L	6.09	2	4.19	4	2.77	2	
4L	5.75	-1	3.94	5	2.70	6	
5L	5.56	-3	3.80	8	2.66	7	
8L	5.40	-6	3.59	9	2.61	7	
10L	5.43	-4	3.55	11	2.62	6	

#### WIBOR rates

%	Change (bps)
6.63	-6
6.79	1
6.88	1
6.89	-1
6.99	0
7.16	-2
7.30	-3
7.43	-5
	6.63 6.79 6.88 6.89 6.99 7.16 7.30

#### FRA rates on the interbank market\*\*

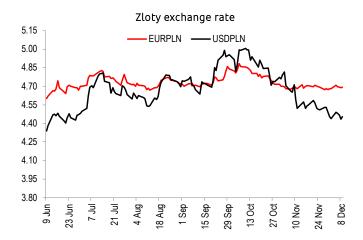
Term	%	Change (bps)
1x4	7.16	-1
3x6 6x9	7.18	0
6x9	7.08	5
9x12	6.82	14
3x9	7.29	-3
6x12	7.26	15

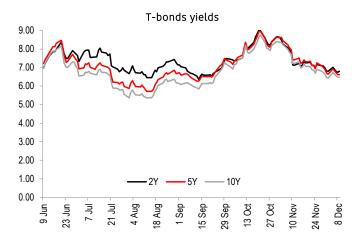
### Measures of fiscal risk

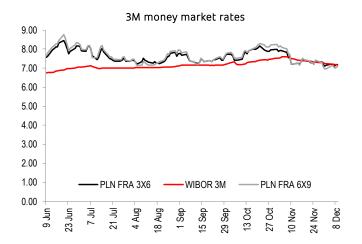
Country	CDS 5Y USD		10Y sp	0Y spread*	
	Level	Level Change		Change	
		(bps)		(bps)	
Poland	117	0	455	-11	
France	15	0	46	-2	
Hungary	204	0	734	27	
Spain	53	0	102	1	
Italy	53	0	188	0	
Portugal	38	0	93	-1	
Ireland	18	0	46	0	
Germany	14	0	-	-	

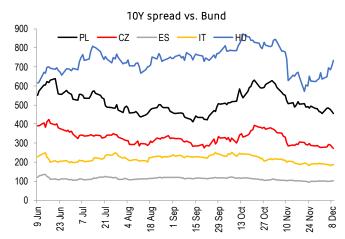
<sup>\* 10</sup>Y treasury bonds over 10Y Bunds

Source: Refinitiv, Datastream









 $<sup>^{\</sup>star\star} \text{Information}$  shows bid levels on the interbank market at the end of the trading day



#### **Economic Calendar**

TIME	COLUETRY	WEIGHTON	DEDICO		FO	RECAST	ACTUAL	LAST		
CET	COUNTRY	INDICATOR	PERIOD		INDICATOR PERIOD MARKET SAI	SANTANDER	VALUE	VALUE*		
FRIDAY (9 December)										
16:00	US	Michigan index	Dec	pts	57.0		59.1	56.8		
	MONDAY (12 December)									
09:00	CZ	CPI	Nov	% y/y	15.5		-	15.1		
	TUESDAY (13 December)									
08:00	DE	HICP	Nov	% m/m	0.0		-	1.1		
11:00	DE	ZEW Survey Current Situation	Dec	pts	-57.5		-	-64.5		
14:30	US	CPI	Nov	% m/m	0.3		-	0.4		
	WEDNESDAY (14 December)									
11:00	EZ	Industrial Production SA	Oct	% m/m	-1.2		-	0.9		
14:00	PL	Current Account Balance	Oct	€mn	-796	-1578	-	-1561		
14:00	PL	Trade Balance	Oct	€mn	-2316	-2599	-	-2054		
14:00	PL	Exports	Oct	€mn	28072	28264	-	28498		
14:00	PL	Imports	Oct	€mn	30392	30863	-	30552		
20:00	US	FOMC decision			4.50		-	4.00		
			THURSDAY (15 De	ecember)						
10:00	PL	СРІ	Nov	% y/y	17.4	17.4	-	17.9		
14:15	EZ	ECB Main Refinancing Rate		%	2.50		-	2.00		
14:30	US	Initial Jobless Claims	week	k	230		-	230		
14:30	US	Retail Sales Advance	Nov	% m/m	0.0		-	1.3		
15:15	US	Industrial Production	Nov	% m/m	0.2		-	-0.1		
			FRIDAY (16 Dec	ember)						
09:30	DE	Germany Manufacturing PMI	Dec	pts	46.2		-	46.2		
09:30	DE	Markit Germany Services PMI	Dec	pts	46.3		-	46.1		
10:00	EZ	Eurozone Manufacturing PMI	Dec	pts	47.1		-	47.1		
10:00	EZ	Eurozone Services PMI	Dec	pts	48.5		-	48.5		
11:00	EZ	HICP	Nov	% y/y	10.0		-	10.6		
14:00	PL	CPI Core	Nov	% y/y	11.3	11.2	-	11.0		

Source: Santander Bank Polska. Bloomberg. Parkiet

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Additional information is available on request. Please contact Santander Bank Polska S.A., Financial Management Division, Economic Analysis Department. al. Jana Pawta II 17, 00-854 Warsaw, Poland. phone +48 22 534 18 87, email ekonomia@santander.pl, http://www.santander.pl.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>ast}$  in the case of a revision the data is updated