

25 April 2022

Eyeopener

Strong ending of the first quarter

Today Poland's money supply, German Ifo
Emmanuel Macron won presidential elections in France
After strong March data we see 1Q GDP growth closer to 8% than 7%
Government foresees this year's fiscal deficit at 4.4% of GDP

Today in Poland money supply data will be released – we expect a deceleration in both loans and deposits, due to higher uncertainty after the start of war in Ukraine. German Ifo index of business climate will be also released.

Flash PMIs for April on Friday have shown on a continuation of activity rebound in euro zone services amid relaxing pandemic restrictions across Europe. Still, it could be a short-lived phenomenon. Manufacturing, more exposed to global factors (war in Ukraine, problems with supply chains) suffered deterioration of sentiment, yet smaller than expected. Indicators of current production went down (in Germany to the lowest level since the early stage of Covid-19) and new orders also worsened.

On Friday we again got to see a set of strong March numbers. **Retail sales** increased by 9.6% y/y, more than expected, and detailed data showed a surprisingly strong sales of durable goods, including cars and household appliances. Also the **construction** has embarked on an upward trend and recorded an output increase by 27.6% y/y, even though housing construction is showing declining numbers of new house starts. **Business climate** indicators showed some improvement in April after the decline in March, but companies are reporting negative effects of the war, mostly rising costs and disruption in supply chains (especially in manufacturing, construction and wholesale trade). Every tenth company in construction, restaurants/hotels and wholesale trade is worried that their financial stability is threatened. At the same time, companies are reporting strong two-way flows of labour force to and from Ukraine. Outflow is dominating in construction, transport and manufacturing, inflow in restaurants/hotels and trade. March data suggest that **GDP growth in 1Q22 was closer to 8% y/y than 7%**, which is also raising the expected path for the entire year. More in our [Economic Comment](#).

According to spring fiscal notification, sent by the government to the Eurostat, **fiscal deficit will rise this year to c.4.4% of GDP** (our estimate: 4.7%), and the cost of debt servicing will be PLN49bn, instead of PLN29bn planned in the budget.

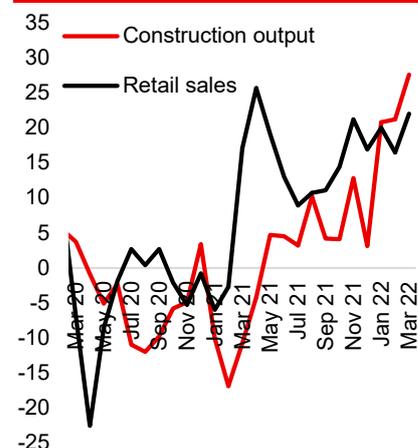
On Friday the key market theme was rising expectations for Fed's interest rate hikes (markets already see Fed funds rate in December c.250bp higher than today). It triggered weakness in equity markets, which this time also affected Europe. **EURUSD**, despite solid PMIs for the euro zone, was testing 1.08 during the day and fell below that level at close. Today initially the euro did not react significantly to Emmanuel Macron's victory in French presidential elections, but now EURUSD is lower, near 1.072.

EURPLN remained stable on Friday – despite another set of surprisingly strong data from the Polish economy. Note that the stability of PLN last week was a quite positive result compared to the losses of many non-CEE EM currencies. This morning EURPLN temporarily breached 4.65, but we do not see factors that could break the horizontal trend in the coming days, at least before CPI data (apart from a potential military escalation in Ukraine after information that Vladimir Putin lost interest in diplomatic solution).

Other CEE currencies: EURCZK held on to a downside trend, something EURHUF did not manage to achieve after hitting and rebounding from a technical level of 370. Tomorrow the Hungarian central bank holds a meeting and the markets expects a 100bp rate hike. On Friday also the Russian central bank will be deciding on rates (the market sees a 200bp cut here).

On the **interest rate market** after the streak of stronger-than-expected Polish data the market pricing of future interest rate hikes increased even more (FRA6x9 is already at 7.3%). The rise of domestic bond yields is also stimulated by the trend of weaker core market bonds. It is hard to point to factors that could materially change the situation before Friday. Only a downside surprise in local inflation might stop the rise of expectations about the MPC's next moves. On Friday on core bond markets there was mostly a rise of 2Y yields, while in Poland the whole curve went up by 8-10bp. What is important, it was another day when IRS rates moved more than bond yields. As a result asset swap spreads narrowed significantly, e.g. 5Y ASW which was recently around 90bp, on Friday was at 55bp.

Selected measures of economic activity in Poland, % y/y



Source: GUS, Santander

Economic Analysis Department:

al. Jana Pawła II 17, 00-854 Warszawa
email: ekonomia@santander.pl
website: santander.pl/en/economic-analysis
Piotr Bielski +48 691 393 119
Marcin Luźniński +48 510 027 662
Grzegorz Ogonek +48 609 224 857

FX market

Today's opening

| | | | |
|--------|--------|---------|--------|
| EURPLN | 4.6485 | CZKPLN | 0.1907 |
| USDPLN | 4.3252 | HUFPLN* | 1.2391 |
| EURUSD | 1.0742 | RUBPLN | 0.0578 |
| CHFPLN | 4.4975 | NOKPLN | 0.4804 |
| GBPPLN | 5.5265 | DKKPLN | 0.6250 |
| USDCNY | 6.5489 | SEKPLN | 0.4502 |

*for 100HUF

Last session in the FX market 22/04/2022

| | min | max | open | close | fixing |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| EURPLN | 4.627 | 4.649 | 4.637 | 4.647 | 4.636 |
| USDPLN | 4.268 | 4.313 | 4.275 | 4.306 | 4.294 |
| EURUSD | 1.077 | 1.085 | 1.084 | 1.079 | - |

Interest rate market 22/04/2022

T-bonds on the interbank market**

| Benchmark (term) | % | Change (bps) |
|------------------|------|--------------|
| DS1023 (2Y) | 6.57 | 0 |
| DS0726 (5Y) | 6.79 | 8 |
| DS0432 (10Y) | 6.32 | 10 |

IRS on the interbank market**

| Term | PL | | US | | EZ | |
|------|------|--------------|------|--------------|------|--------------|
| | % | Change (bps) | % | Change (bps) | % | Change (bps) |
| 1L | 7.13 | 21 | 2.41 | 5 | 0.17 | 8 |
| 2L | 6.96 | 25 | 2.93 | -4 | 0.93 | 10 |
| 3L | 6.70 | 24 | 3.02 | -4 | 1.23 | 10 |
| 4L | 6.42 | 21 | 3.00 | -5 | 1.36 | 8 |
| 5L | 6.25 | 21 | 2.97 | -4 | 1.44 | 7 |
| 8L | 5.89 | 14 | 2.93 | -4 | 1.59 | 5 |
| 10L | 5.77 | 18 | 2.93 | -1 | 1.68 | 4 |

WIBOR rates

| Term | % | Change (bps) |
|------|------|--------------|
| O/N | 4.25 | -7 |
| T/N | 4.53 | 2 |
| SW | 4.58 | 0 |
| 2W | 4.75 | 8 |
| 1M | 4.93 | 3 |
| 3M | 5.74 | 6 |
| 6M | 5.93 | 2 |
| 1Y | 6.15 | 5 |

FRA rates on the interbank market**

| Term | % | Change (bps) |
|------|------|--------------|
| 1x4 | 6.86 | 17 |
| 3x6 | 7.35 | 24 |
| 6x9 | 7.37 | 27 |
| 9x12 | 7.37 | 30 |
| 3x9 | 7.58 | 24 |
| 6x12 | 7.58 | 29 |

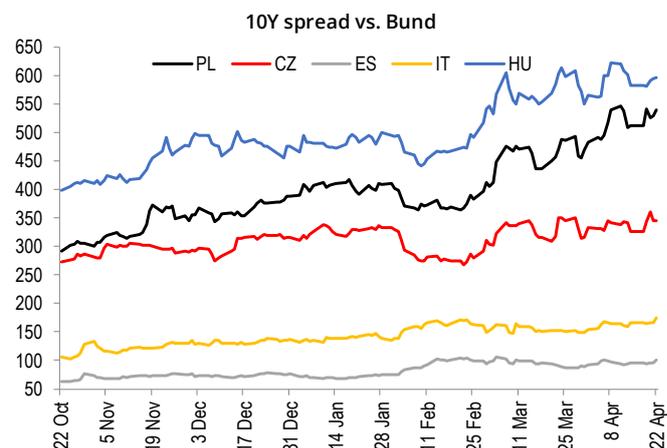
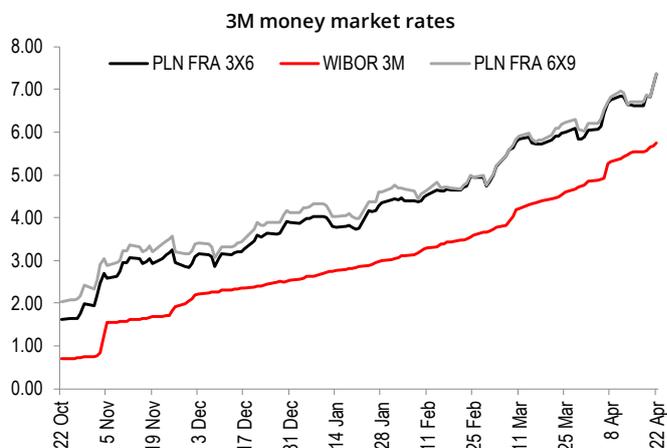
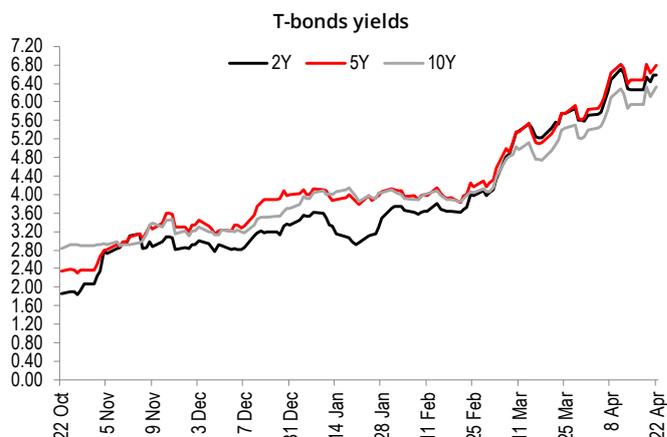
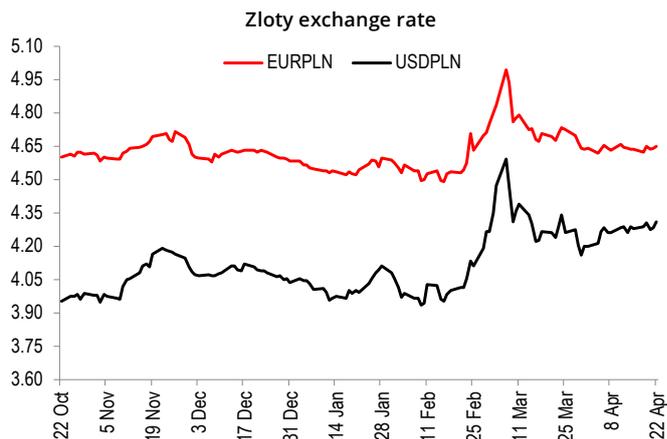
Measures of fiscal risk

| Country | CDS 5Y USD | | 10Y spread* | |
|----------|------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| | Level | Change (bps) | Level | Change (bps) |
| Poland | 82 | 0 | 540 | 10 |
| France | 13 | 0 | 49 | 3 |
| Hungary | 107 | 0 | 596 | 2 |
| Spain | 45 | 3 | 101 | 5 |
| Italy | 55 | 3 | 174 | 9 |
| Portugal | 31 | 1 | 107 | 6 |
| Ireland | 12 | 0 | 64 | 4 |
| Germany | 9 | 0 | - | - |

* 10Y treasury bonds over 10Y Bunds

**Information shows bid levels on the interbank market at the end of the trading day

Source: Refinitiv, Datastream



Economic Calendar

| TIME CET | COUNTRY | INDICATOR | PERIOD | FORECAST | | ACTUAL VALUE | LAST VALUE* | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| | | | | MARKET | SANTANDER | | | |
| FRIDAY (22 April) | | | | | | | | |
| 09:30 | DE | Germany Manufacturing PMI | Apr | pts | 54.5 | - | 54.1 | 56.9 |
| 09:30 | DE | Markit Germany Services PMI | Apr | pts | 55.3 | - | 57.9 | 56.1 |
| 10:00 | EZ | Eurozone Manufacturing PMI | Apr | pts | 54.9 | - | 55.3 | 56.5 |
| 10:00 | EZ | Eurozone Services PMI | Apr | pts | 55.0 | - | 57.7 | 55.6 |
| 10:00 | PL | Construction Output | Mar | % y/y | 13.8 | 15.5 | 27.6 | 21.2 |
| 10:00 | PL | Retail Sales Real | Mar | % y/y | 8.8 | 7.8 | 9.6 | 8.1 |
| MONDAY (25 April) | | | | | | | | |
| 10:00 | DE | IFO Business Climate | Apr | pts | 89.1 | - | - | 90.8 |
| 14:00 | PL | Money Supply M3 | Mar | % y/y | 7.8 | 7.6 | - | 8.0 |
| TUESDAY (26 April) | | | | | | | | |
| 10:00 | PL | Unemployment Rate | Mar | % | 5.4 | 5.4 | - | 5.5 |
| 14:00 | HU | Central Bank Rate Decision | Apr.22 | % | 5.40 | - | - | 4.40 |
| 14:30 | US | Durable Goods Orders | Mar | % m/m | 1.0 | - | - | -2.1 |
| 16:00 | US | Consumer Conference Board | Apr | pts | 108.0 | - | - | 107.2 |
| 16:00 | US | New Home Sales | Mar | % m/m | 0.4 | - | - | -2.0 |
| WEDNESDAY (27 April) | | | | | | | | |
| 16:00 | US | Pending Home Sales | Mar | % m/m | -0.5 | - | - | -4.1 |
| THURSDAY (28 April) | | | | | | | | |
| 11:00 | EZ | ESI | Apr | pct. | 108.0 | - | - | 108.5 |
| 14:00 | DE | HICP | Apr | % y/y | 7.6 | - | - | 7.6 |
| 14:30 | US | GDP Annualized | 1Q | % q/q | 1.0 | - | - | 6.9 |
| 14:30 | US | Initial Jobless Claims | | k | 180 | - | - | 184 |
| FRIDAY (29 April) | | | | | | | | |
| 09:00 | CZ | GDP SA | 1Q | % y/y | 4.3 | - | - | 3.6 |
| 10:00 | PL | CPI | Apr | % y/y | 11.3 | 11.5 | - | 11.0 |
| 10:00 | DE | GDP WDA | 1Q | % y/y | 3.6 | - | - | 1.8 |
| 11:00 | EZ | Flash HICP | Apr | % y/y | 7.5 | - | - | 7.5 |
| 11:00 | EZ | GDP SA | 1Q | % y/y | 5.1 | - | - | 4.7 |
| 14:30 | US | Personal Spending | Mar | % m/m | 0.6 | - | - | 0.2 |
| 14:30 | US | Personal Income | Mar | % m/m | 0.4 | - | - | 0.5 |
| 14:30 | US | PCE Deflator SA | Mar | % m/m | 6.7 | - | - | 6.4 |
| 16:00 | US | Michigan index | Apr | pts | 65.7 | - | - | 59.4 |

Source: Santander Bank Polska, Bloomberg, Parkiet
* in the case of a revision the data is updated

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Additional information is available on request. Please contact Santander Bank Polska S.A. Financial Management Division, Economic Analysis Department, al. Jana Pawła II 17, 00-854 Warsaw, Poland, phone +48 22 534 18 87, email ekonomia@santander.pl, http://www.santander.pl.