Economic Comment

07 October 2021

Neither a cycle nor "one and done"

Piotr Bielski, +48 48 22 534 18 87, piotr.bielski@santander.pl

At the press conference the NBP president Adam Glapiński said it was the MPC's intention to surprise the financial market, delivering rate hike sooner and c. 3x bigger than anticipated. Doing so – in his view – the central bank has withdrawn policy accommodation more or less to its pre-pandemic state (although we have no idea what interpretation of the current parameters of monetary policy justifies such statement). Glapiński said the MPC press release deliberately neither signalled likely continuation of rate hikes nor ruled it out – the decisions will be data-dependent. However, by delivering large hike upfront, the central bank "now has the ability to sit and wait, observe the next data". It seems to suggest that a pause in rate hikes is possible in November, unless the flash CPI for October goes up strongly again (but actually our current estimate is 6.2% y/y, with the upside risk).

It seems clear that the tightening cycle is not over yet – the central bank clearly acknowledged that there are new factors that will push inflation much higher for much longer and even though those factors are still mostly of supply-side nature, the monetary policy must react to prevent spillovers and second round effects in the medium term. But Glapiński stressed also that tightening must be cautious not to hamper economic growth, so we think that from now on the MPC will prefer to move in smaller steps (+25bp), and some pauses are possible between decisions (to watch the data).

We think the baseline scenario is that in November rates go up again, by 25bp (October flash CPI well above 6%, new NBP projection much higher), the next hikes may be in January, March and possibly July, and the main reference rate could end 2022 at 1.50%. But the uncertainty about the precise timeline is high. In case of disappointing data next month, the next rate hike may be postponed.

Asked about the QE program, Glapiński said the programme has dried out "on its own" so there will be no formal suspension and it will remain in the NBP toolkit, just like the FX interventions.

Main interest rates in CEE3



This publication has been prepared by Santander Bank Polska S.A. for information purposes only. It is not an offer or solicitation for the purchase or sale of any financial instrument. Information presented in the publication is not an investment advice. All reasonable care has been taken to ensure that the information contained herein is not untrue or misleading. But no representation is made as to its accuracy or completeness. No reliance should be placed on it and no liability is accepted for any loss arising from reliance on it. Forecasts or data related to the post do not guarantee future prices of financial instruments or financial results. Santander Bank Polska S.A. its affiliates and any of its or their officers may be interested in any transactions. securities or commodities referred to herein. Santander Bank Polska S.A. or its affiliates may perform services for or solicit business from any company referred to herein. This publication is not intended for the use of private investors. Clients should contact analysts at and execute transactions through a Santander Bank Polska S.A. entity in their home jurisdiction unless governing law permits otherwise. Copyright and database rights protection exists in this publication.

Additional information is available on request. Please contact Santander Bank Polska S.A. Financial Management Division. Economic Analysis Department, al. Jana Pawla II 17. 00-854 Warsaw. Poland. phone +48 22 534 18 87. email ekonomia@santander.pl. http://www.santander.pl.

Economic Analysis Department:

al. Jana Pawła II 17, 00-854 Warszawa email: ekonomia@santander.pl website: <u>santander.pl/en/economic-analysis</u> Piotr Bielski +48 22 534 18 87 Marcin Luziński +48 22 534 18 85 Wojciech Mazurkiewicz +48 22 534 18 86 Grzegorz Ogonek +48 22 534 18 84