# Eyeopener

### Czechia continues hiking rates

CNB raised interest rates for the second month in a row Ziobro: EU membership increasingly costly, not at all costs EURUSD and EURPLN fairly stable, other CEE currencies stronger Bond yields slightly lower at the long end of the curve Today US labour market data

The day before the release of US labour market report, which in our view has marketmoving potential, core market bonds were getting cheaper and stock indexes were performing rather well in Europe and the USA. EURUSD was quietly waiting for the data coming this afternoon. Apart from that, the Bank of England did not change interest rates and did not decide for QE tapering. According to its forecasts the inflation may reach 4% in late 2021 which might encourage some monetary policy adjustment. The bank informed that it wants to move to reducing asset purchases once the main interest rate is raised to 0.50% (currently at 0.10%), while earlier 1.50% had been pointed indicated as the threshold.

According to **MPC's Łukasz Hardt** the conditions for monetary policy normalisation are already met and the economic outlook presented in the July NBP projection was calling for a monetary policy response. He repeated that the normalisation of monetary policy should start with a reserve requirement rate hike, but most of the Council was of a different view and rejected the motion (in April and May) as well as the motion to raise rates by 15bp in June supported by Hardt. In his view the QE programme can remain active when interest rate hikes start. This goes against the view of NBP governor Adam Glapiński, who considers it a necessity to end QE purchases before the MPC can move to hiking rates.

**Justice minister Zbigniew Ziobro** (who is also the leader of the coalition party Solidarna Polska) said in an interview with Rzeczpospolita daily that "Poland cannot yield to the blackmail of EU carried out by the CJEU". He added that the Poland's EU membership is getting increasingly expensive and it should not be "at all costs". Also, Ziobro suggested that if government accepts the CJEU ruling on the judiciary system, it may threaten the stability of the ruling coalition, and that Solidarna Polska will not support the government's Polish Deal programme unconditionally, in particular as regards the energy policy.

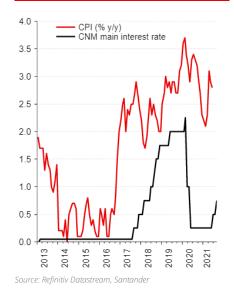
**EURUSD** has spent Thursday in the vicinity of 1.184. The weaker-than-expected morning data about German production (-1.3% m/m) made falls more likely. This direction might be strengthened by today's likely strong US labour market data, however, other labour market data have not pointed unilaterally to either direction (ADP report surprised to the downside while the employment indices within the ISM significantly moved higher).

**EURPLN** after reaching its 100-day moving average did not manage to print a new daily low (which it managed to do for previous 5 consecutive sessions). In our opinion, there is a risk that the recent EURPLN fall might be reversed soon which could be supported my recent euro-sceptic comments of justice minister Zbigniew Ziobro. In the case of a dollar strengthening the EURPLN might target 4.60 soon.

As for the **other CEE currencies**, they outperformed the zloty yesterday. EURCZK moved to 25.40 from 25.45 while EURHUF to 353.7 from 354.5. The CNB increased the reference rate to 0.75%, by 25bp – in line with market expectations (lombard rate moved up to 1.75%, by 50bp, while the deposit rate remained unchanged at 0.05%). The CNB increased the GDP forecasts in 2021 to 3.5% from 1.2% (for 2022 moved to 4.1% from 4.3%) and the inflation ones in 2021 to 3.0% from 2.7% (for 2022 to 2.8% from 2.4% previously). The CNB governor Jiri Rusnok announced that interest rates might be increased +25bp on each of the remaining CNB meetings this year which would not dampen growth but should help bring the inflation towards the inflation target in 2022. He added that on yesterday's meeting some of the members were more keen for a 50bp hike. In the Czech Republic the retail sales data beat expectations. USDRUB remained near 73.1.

**On the domestic interest rate market** the FRA rates went up by 2-4bp, similarly to IRS contracts up to 4 years (the longer end was stable). The belly and longer end of the yield curve went down by 2bp.

#### Inflation and main policy rate in Czechia



#### **Economic Analysis Department:**

al. Jana Pawła II 17, 00-854 Warszawa email: ekonomia@santander.pl website: <u>santander.pl/en/economic-analysis</u> Piotr Bielski +48 22 534 18 87 Marcin Luziński +48 22 534 18 85 Wojciech Mazurkiewicz +48 22 534 18 86 Grzegorz Ogonek +48 22 534 18 84

## 📣 Santander

#### FX market

Today's opening			
EURPLN	4.5476	CZKPLN	0.1788
USDPLN	3.8460	HUFPLN*	1.2708
EURUSD	1.1826	RUBPLN	0.0526
CHFPLN	4.2354	NOKPLN	0.4354
GBPPLN	5.3511	DKKPLN	0.6114
USDCNY	6.4626	SEKPLN	0.4457
*for 100HUF			

Last session in the FX market					05/08/2021
	min	max	open	close	fixing
EURPLN	4.535	4.560	4.547	4.545	4.556
USDPLN	3.832	3.855	3.842	3.840	3.849
EURUSD	1.183	1.186	1.183	1.184	-

Interest rate n	05/08/2021					
T-bonds on the interbank market**						
Benchmark	Change					
(term)	%	(bps)				
DS1023 (2Y)	0.49	0				
DS0726 (5Y)	1.12	1				
DS0432 (10Y)	1.75	-1				

#### IRS on the interbank market\*\*

Term	Term PL			US	EZ		
	%	Change (bps)	%	Change (bps)	%	Change (bps)	
1L	0.53	6	0.16	1	-0.54	1	
2L	0.88	9	0.28	2	-0.50	0	
3L	1.10	8	0.50	4	-0.47	0	
4L	1.27	8	0.67	5	-0.43	1	
5L	1.39	6	0.81	5	-0.39	0	
8L	1.55	3	1.10	5	-0.23	0	
10L	1.68	5	1.23	4	-0.11	1	

#### WIBOR rates

Term	%	Change (bps)
O/N	0.09	0
T/N	0.10	0
SW	0.10	0
2W	0.16	0
1M	0.18	0
3M	0.21	0
6M	0.25	0
1Y	0.27	1

FRA rates on the interbank market**					
Term	%	Change (bps)			
1x4	0.25	3			
3x6	0.43	4			
6x9	0.62	7			
9x12	0.80	7			
3x9	0.50	4			
6x12	0.73	8			

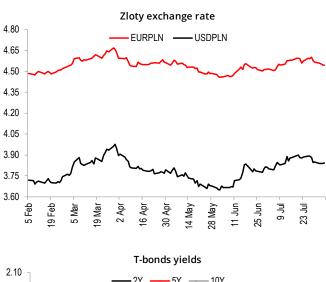
#### Measures of fiscal risk

Country	CDS 5	Y USD	10Y sp	10Y spread*		
	Level	Level Change (bps)		Change (bps)		
Poland	46	0	225	-1		
France	9	0	34	-1		
Hungary	55	0	335	1		
Spain	30	0	71	-3		
Italy	43	0	103	-3		
Portugal	20	0	60	-3		
Ireland	11	0	40	-1		
Germany	8	0	-	-		

\* 10Y treasury bonds over 10Y Bunds

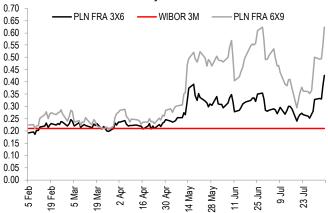
\*\*Information shows bid levels on the interbank market at the end of the trading day

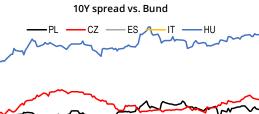
Source: Refinitiv, Datastream





#### 3M money market rates

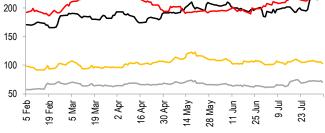




350

300

250



#### Economic Calendar

CET	COUNTRY		INDICATOR PERIOD		FORECAST		ACTUAL	LAST	
		in Dick for	PERIOD		MARKET	SANTANDER	VALUE	VALUE*	
FRIDAY (30 July)									
09:00	CZ	GDP SA	2Q	% y/y	8.9		7.8	-2.4	
10:00	PL	CPI	Jul	% y/y	4.7	4.6	5.0	4.4	
10:00	DE	GDP WDA	2Q	% y/y	9.6		9.2	-3.1	
11:00	ΕZ	Flash HICP	Jul	% y/y	2.0		2.2	1.9	
11:00	EZ	GDP SA	2Q	% y/y	13.2		13.7	-1.3	
11:00	EZ	Unemployment Rate	Jun	%	7.9		7.7	8.0	
14:30	US	Personal Spending	Jun	% m/m	0.6		1.0	-0.1	
14:30	US	Personal Income	Jun	% m/m	-0.5		0.1	-2.2	
14:30	US	PCE Deflator SA	Jun	% m/m	0.6		0.5	0.5	
16:00	US	Michigan index	Jul	pts	80.8		81.2	80.8	
			MONDA	Y (2 August)					
8:00	DE	Retail sales, constant prices	Jun	%m/m	2.0	-	4.2	4.6	
9:00	PL	PMI manufacturing	Jul	pts	59.0	59.0	57.6	59.4	
9:55	DE	PMI manufacturing	Jul	pts	65.6	-	65.9	65.1	
10:00	EZ	PMI manufacturing	Jul	pts	62.6	-	62.8	63.4	
16:00	US	ISM manufacturing	Jul	pts	60.5	-	59.5	60.6	
	TUESDAY (3 August)								
		No key events							
			WEDNESD	AY (4 August)					
9:55	DE	PMI services	Jul	pts	62.2	-	61.8	57.5	
10:00	EZ	PMI services	Jul	pts	60.4	-	59.8	58.3	
14:15	US	ADP employment change	Jul	k	600	-	330	692	
16:00	US	ISM non-manufacturing	Jul	pts	60.2	-	64.1	60.1	
			THURSD	AY (5 August)					
8:00	DE	Factory orders	Jun	%m/m	2.0	-	4.1	-3.2	
14:30	CZ	Central bank rate decision		%	0.75	-	0.75	0.50	
14:30	US	Trade balance	Jun	USDbn	-71.5	-	-75.7	-71.2	
14:30	US	Initial Jobless Claims	week	k	384	-	385	400	
FRIDAY (6 August)									
8:00	DE	Industrial output	Jun	%m/m	0.9	-1.3	-	-0.3	
9:00	CZ	Industrial output	Jun	%у/у		-	-	25.3	
9:00	HU	Industrial output	Jun	%у/у		-	-	39.1	
14:30	US	Non-farm payrolls	Jul	k	926	-	-	850	
14:30	US	Unemployment Rate	Jul	%	5.7	-	-	5.9	

Source: Santander Bank Polska. Bloomberg. Parkiet

\* in the case of a revision the data is updated

This publication has been prepared by Santander Bank Polska S.A. for information purposes only. It is not an offer or solicitation for the purchase or sale of any financial instrument. Information presented in the publication is not an investment advice. All reasonable care has been taken to ensure that the information contained herein is not untrue or misleading. But no representation is made as to its accuracy or completeness. No reliance should be placed on it and no liability is accepted for any loss arising from reliance on it. Forecasts or data related to the past do not guarantee future prices of financial instruments or financial ensures. Subject Bank Polska S.A. its affiliates and any of its or their officers may be interested in any transactions. securities or commodities may perform services for or solicit business from any company referred to herein. This publication is not intended for the use of private investors. Clients should contact analysts at and execute transactions through a Santander Bank Polska S.A. entity in their home jurisdiction unless governing law permits otherwise. Copyright and database rights protection exists in this publication.

Additional information is available on request. Please contact Santander Bank Polska S.A. Financial Management Division. Economic Analysis Department. al. Jana Pawla II 17. 00-854 Warsaw. Poland. phone +48 22 534 18 87. email ekonomia@santander.pl. http://www.santander.pl.