Eyeopener

27 April 2021

New orders surge

Quiet day on the markets EURUSD tries to increase further, zloty slightly weaker Stable POLGBs

Today rate decision in Hungary, consumer confidence in the US

The week started without big market volatility. Main stock indices and core markets' bond yields changed only slightly. EURUSD tried to continue its Friday's upward move, but without success. The data releases were not as expressive as those on Friday: the main Ifo indicator for German economy and its current component rose m/m, but less than expected and expectations index retreated slightly.

The new GUS Statistical Bulletin showed that the surprisingly strong wage growth in March by 8% y/y was primarily due to high payments in retail trade (average wage up by 11.9% y/y as compared to 5.5% y/y in February) and in some manufacturing sectors (pharmaceuticals, chemicals). We think that the wage growth will go back to 6-7% in the upcoming months. Even though average employment in the corporate sector, calculated in full-time equivalents, fell by 4k, manufacturing saw a rise by 2k. At the same time, the number of employees in the corporate sector increased by 10k (+6k in manufacturing). New orders in industry advanced y 17.6% m/m and 33% y/y (strongest rise in four years, rebound partially triggered by the base effect, yet a major downturn in orders occurred in April 2020). Foreign orders were still higher than one your ago by 37.7% y/y. Registered unemployment rate amounted to 6.4%, i.e. still (since November) only 1 pp more than in the corresponding month of 2020.

GUS released yesterday details of **April business sentiment Survey**. The further gradual increase of the synthetic index was only due better assessment of current situation – the component has just reached the highest level since the start of the pandemic (100.1 pts), while the expectations component remains for three months near 90 pts (so c.10 pts below pre-pandemic levels). Industrial business confidence index rose most significantly – thanks to the highest level of order book indicator in a year and the lowest ever (since 2004) level of the stocks of finished goods indicator. The latter suggests that the sector may have it difficult to cover the growing demand. The increase in demand was quite broad-based but was particularly noticeable among consumer durable goods and intermediate goods suppliers. The issue of commodities, materials and component shortages has gotten even more severe in April (its overall index has set a new record – since 2000). The record shortages were reported in 8 out of 22 industries and c.20% of interviewed companies is considering the shortages an obstacle to business expansion. The issue is seen the most often among producers of IT and other electronic equipment, furniture, other wood products, rubber and plastic products. The index of expected prices climbed to the 6. Highest level in 256-month data history.

On Wednesday the government is supposed to present **the timeline of opening the economy** in May, covering "multiple services and sectors".

In the first part of Monday **EURUSD** was keeping on the Friday upward trend, but failed to stay above 1.21 for long. Close of the sesson was close to Friday ending level. We think that data due for release in the coming week will be supportive for the euro.

EURPLN retraced a half of the Friday decline. Today the government is to approve the bill on EU own resources (which is a necessary prerequisite for launching the EU Recovery Fund). If it fails to deliver it will mean a further build-up of tension within the ruling coalition, higher political risk and a negative signal for the złoty. This morning the fx rate has opened at 4.557.

As for the other CEE currencies, Czech koruna slightly weakened, just like zloty, while forint was stable ahead of today's central bank decision – market consensus assumes no change in monetary policy at this meeting. USDRUB did not change, which was a good performance given crude oil price decreasing by USD1 p/b.

On the Polish interest rate market On the interest rate market bond yields in Poland and in the main markets were moving within the Friday's fluctuations band and daily change was insignificant. Only at the short end of the Polish curve a stronger demand shown up (possibly from the local commercial banks ahead of the end of month). Today the state-owned BGK will hold the auction of Covid bonds (FPC0382, FPC0733, FPC1140) worth PLN1bn at least.

Value of new orders in industry, %y/y



Source: GUS, Santander

Economic Analysis Department:

al. Jana Pawła II 17, 00-854 Warszawa email: ekonomia@santander.pl website: <u>santander.pl/en/economic-analysis</u> <u>Piotr Bielski</u> +48 22 534 18 87 <u>Marcin Luziński</u> +48 22 534 18 85 <u>Wojciech Mazurkiewicz</u> +48 22 534 18 86 <u>Grzegorz Ogonek</u> +48 22 534 18 84



Today's opening			
EURPLN	4.5570	CZKPLN	0.1758
USDPLN	3.7756	HUFPLN*	1.2415
EURUSD	1.2069	RUBPLN	0.0503
CHFPLN	4.1189	NOKPLN	0.4550
GBPPLN	5.2412	DKKPLN	0.6126
USDCNY	6.4840	SEKPLN	0.4496
*for 100HUF			

101 1001101					
Last session in the FX market					26/04/2021
	min	max	open	close	fixing
EURPLN	4.548	4.562	4.550	4.558	4.557
USDPLN	3.756	3.780	3.758	3.773	3.766
FLIDLISD	1 206	1 212	1 211	1 208	

Interest rate market	26/04/2021
T-bonds on the interbank	market**

Benchmark (term)	%	Change (bps)		
WS0922 (2Y)	0.09	-3		
DS0725 (5Y)	0.85	0		
DS1030 (10Y)	1.56	-1		

IRS on the interbank market**

Term		PL		US	E	EZ		
	%	Change (bps)	%	Change (bps)	%	Change (bps)		
1L	0.26	2	0.21	1	-0.53	0		
2L	0.58	1	0.29	0	-0.48	0		
3L	0.87	3	0.47	1	-0.43	0		
4L	1.11	3	0.70	1	-0.36	1		
5L	1.32	2	0.92	2	-0.29	0		
8L	1.67	3	1.36	0	-0.05	1		
10L	1.82	2	1.54	0	0.09	0		

WIBOR rates

Term	%	Change (bps)
O/N	0.10	0
T/N	0.09	-1
SW	0.10	0
2W	0.16	0
1M	0.18	0
3M	0.21	0
6M	0.24	0
1Y	0.25	0

FRA rates on the interbank market**

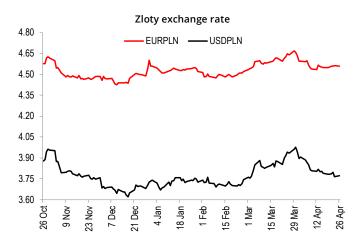
Term	%	Change (bps)		
1x4	0.21	0		
3x6	0.23	1		
6x9	0.25	2		
9x12	0.37	3		
1x4 3x6 6x9 9x12 3x9	0.27	2		
6x12	0.34	0		

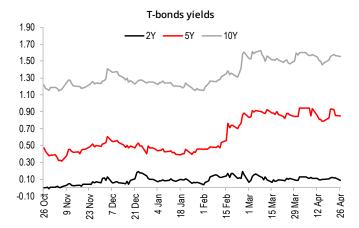
Measures of fiscal risk

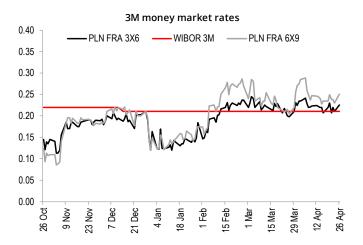
Country	CDS 5	CDS 5Y USD		10Y spread*		
	Level	Change (bps)	Level	Change (bps)		
Poland	37	0	181	-1		
France	10	0	25	0		
Hungary	64	0	304	2		
Spain	35	0	66	0		
Italy	50	1	106	2		
Portugal	22	0	66	0		
Ireland	10	0	36	0		
Germany	9	0	-	-		

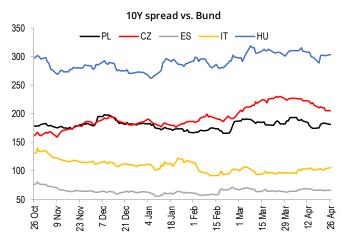
^{* 10}Y treasury bonds over 10Y Bunds

Source: Refinitiv, Datastream









^{**}Information shows bid levels on the interbank market at the end of the trading day



Economic Calendar

TIME	COLINTRY INDICATOR DEPIOD			RECAST	ACTUAL	LAST		
CET	COOMIN	INDICATOR			MARKET	SANTANDER	VALUE	VALUE*
			FRIDAY (23 A	•				
09:30	DE	Germany Manufacturing PMI	Apr	pts	65.8		66.4	66.6
09:30	DE	Markit Germany Services PMI	Apr	pts	51.0		50.1	51.5
10:00	EZ	Eurozone Manufacturing PMI	Apr	pts	62.0		63.3	62.5
10:00	EZ	Eurozone Services PMI	Apr	pts	49.1		50.3	49.6
14:00	PL	Money Supply M3	Mar	% y/y	14.1	14.5	14.4	16.3
16:00	US	New Home Sales	Mar	% m/m	14.2		20.7	-16.2
			MONDAY (26	April)				
10:00	DE	IFO Business Climate	Apr	pts	98.0		96.8	96.6
10:00	PL	Unemployment Rate	Mar	%	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.5
14:30	US	Durable Goods Orders	Mar	% m/m	2.0		0.5	-0.9
			TUESDAY (27					
14:00	HU	Central Bank Rate Decision	Apr/21	%	0.6		-	0.6
16:00	US	Consumer Conference Board	Apr	pts	111.7		-	109.7
		,	WEDNESDAY (2	8 April)				
20:00	US	FOMC decision	Apr/21	%	0.25		-	0.25
			THURSDAY (29	April)				
	PL	ECJ ruling on Polish FX mortgage	loans					
11:00	EZ	ESI	Apr	pct.	102.0		-	100.9
14:00	DE	HICP	Apr	% m/m	0.5		-	0.5
14:30	US	GDP Annualized	1Q	% q/q	6.1		-	4.3
14:30	US	Initial Jobless Claims		k	610		-	576
16:00	US	Pending Home Sales	Mar	% m/m	4.0		-	-10.62
			FRIDAY (30 A	pril)				
09:00	CZ	GDP SA	1Q	% y/y	-2.7		-	-4.8
10:00	PL	CPI	Apr	% y/y	3.8	3.8	-	3.2
10:00	DE	GDP WDA	1Q	% y/y	0.0		-	-3.7
11:00	EZ	Flash HICP	Apr	% y/y	1.5		-	1.3
11:00	EZ	GDP SA	1Q	% y/y	-2.1		-	-4.9
11:00	EZ	Unemployment Rate	Mar	%	8.4		-	8.3
14:30	US	Personal Spending	Mar	% m/m	4.0		-	-1.0
14:30	US	Personal Income	Mar	% m/m	20.0		-	-7.1
14:30	US	PCE Deflator SA	Mar	% m/m	0.5		-	0.2
16:00	US	Michigan index	Apr	pts	88.2			86.5

Source: Santander Bank Polska. Bloomberg. Parkiet * in the case of a revision the data is updated

This publication has been prepared by Santander Bank Polska S.A. for information purposes only. It is not an offer or solicitation for the purchase or sale of any financial instrument. Information presented in the publication is not an investment advice. All reasonable care has been taken to ensure that the information contained herein is not untrue or misleading. But no representation is made as to its accuracy or completeness. No relicance should be placed on it and no liability is accepted for any loss arising from reliance on it. Forecasts or data related to the past do not guarantee future prices of financial instruments or financial results. Santander Bank Polska S.A. its affiliates and any of its or their officers may be interested in any transactions. securities or commodifies referred to herein. Santander Bank Polska S.A. or its affiliates may perform services for or solicit business from any company referred to herein. This publication is not intended for the use of private investors. Clients should contact analysts at and execute transactions through a Santander Bank Polska S.A. entity in their home jurisdiction unless governing law permits otherwise. Copyright and database rights protection exists in this publication.

Additional information is available on request. Please contact Santander Bank Polska S.A. Financial Management Division. Economic Analysis Department. al. Jana Pawla II 17. 00-854 Warsaw. Poland. phone +48 22 534 18 87. email ekonomia@santander.pl. http://www.santander.pl.