28 September 2020

Eyeopener

Rising number of infections hits sentiment

Risky assets under pressure at the end of the week Fitch did not change Poland's rating EURPLN below 4.55, EURUSD down Polish debt benefitting from risk aversion No important data today

The Friday's session did not differ much from others in the previous week. Equity prices in Europe were declining again amid rising worries about impact of rising coronavirus cases on the economy. Persisting risk aversion was supporting the US currency and core market bonds, while EM currencies were under pressure. In the afternoon the weaker than expected US data about durable goods orders were released, joining the recent series of disappointing readings from the world's biggest economy.

The Fitch rating agency confirmed the Polish long-term foreign currency rating at A- with stable outlook, in line with expectations. The agency is relatively optimistic about the public finance deficit in Poland (expected 8.2% in 2020, 5.4% in 2021). The reason for that is because Fitch, relative to Polish government's forecasts, expects higher GDP growth and also expects that the support programmes will not be used in full. Polish rating might improve in case of fiscal consolidation, the decrease in foreign net indebtedness or faster GDP growth. The rating might deteriorate in case of permanent increase in the public debt, worse governance standards or business climate.

NBP published the **2021 monetary policy guidelines**, singed by MPC. The strategy of medium-term inflation target at 2.5% +/- 1pp remained in place. The realisation of the strategy will remain very flexible as regards choice of monetary policy instruments, the preferred pace of inflation adjustment as well as how quick the bank will react to shocks depending on their nature. In the document, the part regarding monetary policy instruments has grown larger. The description of adjustment operations and structural open market operations is in line with how they were used in 2020 so far – to support liquidity for the banking sector and liquidity on the secondary market for assets purchased within the QE programme.

EURUSD declined at the end of the week to 1.163, but remained slightly above the Thursday low. The total fall in the last five sessions was the largest weekly move down since early April. The breaking of 1.17 support opens way for further dollar appreciation to even 1.14-1.15, but we think that by the end of the year the fx rate will be back above 1.17.

EURPLN and **USDPLN** were trading at an elevated level, just above the Thursday tops at c.4.56 and 3.92 respectively. The possible further appreciation of the dollar may keep the zloty at weaker levels, but we do not think EURPLN could rise much more. This morning the zloty is already a bit stronger.

Among the **other CEE currencies**, the ruble was an underperformer. USDRUB broke 78.0 and was at the highest level since early April. EURCZK rebounded to 27.1 from 27.0 and remain just below the Thursday's peak. The forint outperformed its peers. The unexpected hike of the central bank's 1-week deposit rate helped EURHUF to stay near the Thursday's close of c363.

On the **domestic interest rate market** the bond yields eased 3bp with the 10Y yield back to 1.30%. The IRS curve moved 1bp down. Core debt also gained amid poor global market mood but the Bund gained somewhat less than its Polish peer which allowed the 10Y yield spread to narrow slightly. Given the unstable global market mood and steepness of the Polish curve, we still see room for a lower yields on the long end.

The number one issue last week and likely also this week is the pandemic resurgence. Most European countries (including CEE) see the number of Covid-19 cases rising to new record highs, which triggers worries about the economic outlook. Even if governments will be quite reluctant to re-impose tight restrictions (which seems likely), the economic activity may suffer due to psychological effects. It looks like the risk of coalition breakdown in Poland has disappeared for now. Political issues will be important abroad: on Tuesday the first presidential debate takes place in the USA, which may affect the market perception of Donald Trump's chances for reelection; in Europe the Brexit negotiations will continue. The calendar of domestic data publications is almost empty - on Thursday flash September inflation and PMI are due. On Friday evening S&P may publish Poland's rating review.

US durable goods orders (% y/y)



Source: Refinitiv Datastream, Santander Bank Polska

Economic Analysis Department:

al. Jana Pawła II 17, 00-854 Warszawa email: ekonomia@santander.pl website: santander.pl/en/economic-analysis Piotr Bielski +48 22 534 18 87 Marcin Luziński +48 22 534 18 85 Wojciech Mazurkiewicz +48 22 534 18 86 Grzegorz Ogonek +48 22 534 19 23 Marcin Sulewski, CFA +48 22 534 18 84



FX	mai	ket

Today's opening			
EURPLN	4.5418	CZKPLN	0.1662
USDPLN	3.9032	HUFPLN*	1.2410
EURUSD	1.1633	RUBPLN	0.0499
CHFPLN	4.2008	NOKPLN	0.4086
GBPPLN	4.9832	DKKPLN	0.6075
USDCNY	6.8229	SEKPLN	0.4288
*6 1001111			

101 1001101					
Last sessi	on in the	FX market			25.09.2020
	min	max	open	close	fixing
EURPLN	4.541	4.561	4.547	4.551	4.548
USDPLN	3.889	3.925	3.897	3.917	3.902
FLIRLISD	1 161	1 168	1 167	1 162	

Interest rate m	narket	25.09.2020	
T-bonds on the interbank market**			
Benchmark	%	Change	
(term)	70	(bps)	
PS0722 (2Y)	0.09	0	
PS0425 (5Y)	0.64	-2	

1.30

IRS on the interbank market**

Term	PL			US	EZ		
	%	Change (bps)	%	Change (bps)	%	Change (bps)	
1L	0.18	-1	0.22	-1	-0.52	-1	
2L	0.23	-1	0.22	0	-0.49	-1	
3L	0.30	-2	0.24	0	-0.48	0	
4L	0.40	-2	0.27	0	-0.46	-1	
5L	0.51	-2	0.33	-1	-0.43	-1	
8L	0.78	-3	0.55	0	-0.32	-1	
10L	0.92	-2	0.69	1	-0.24	-1	

WIBOR rates

DS1030 (10Y)

Term	%	Change (bps)
O/N	0.10	1
T/N	0.10	1
SW	0.12	0
2W	0.17	0
1M	0.20	0
3M	0.22	0
6M	0.26	0
1Y	0.27	0

FRA rates on the interbank market**

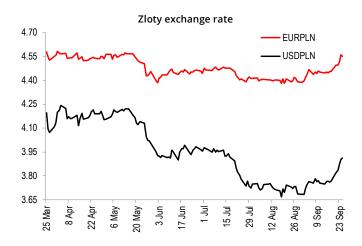
Term	04	Change
	%	(bps)
1x4	0.20	0
1x4 3x6 6x9	0.17	0
6x9	0.17	0
9x12	0.16	0
9x12 3x9	0.21	1
6x12	0.21	0

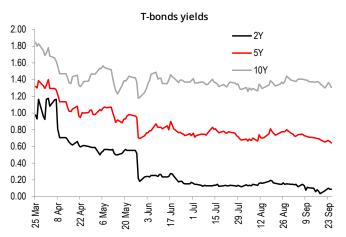
Measures of fiscal risk

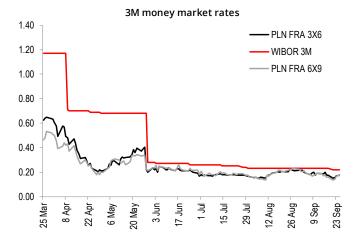
Country	CDS 5	CDS 5Y USD		10Y spread*		
	Level	Change (bps)	Level	Change (bps)		
Poland	58	0	183	-2		
France	10	0	28	1		
Hungary	63	0	302	-8		
Spain	56	1	78	2		
Italy	97	1	142	4		
Portugal	36	0	80	2		
Ireland	19	0	37	-1		
Germany	9	0	-	-		

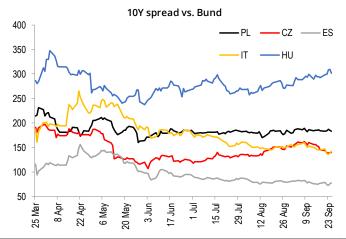
^{* 10}Y treasury bonds over 10Y Bunds

Source: Refinitiv, Datastream









^{**}Information shows bid levels on the interbank market at the end of the trading day



Economic Calendar

TIME					FOI	FORECAST		LAST
CET	COUNTRY	INDICATOR	PERIOD		MARKET	SANTANDER	VALUE	VALUE*
			FRIDAY (25 Sept	ember)				
	PL	Rating review by Fitch						
	HU	Rating review by Moody's						
14:30	US	Durable Goods Orders	Aug	% m/m	1.4	-	0.4	11.7
		N	ЛОNDAY (28 Sep	tember)				
			No important	data				
		Т	UESDAY (29 Sep	tember)				
11:00	EZ	ESI	Sep	pct.	89.2	-		87.7
14:00	DE	HICP	Sep	% m/m	0.0	-		-0.2
16:00	US	Consumer Conference Board	Sep	pts	90.0	-		84.8
		WE	DNESDAY (30 Se	ptember)				
08:00	DE	Retail Sales	Aug	% m/m	0.4	-		-0.2
14:00	PL	Current Account	2Q	EURmn	-	6319		4504
14:15	US	ADP report	Sep	k	650.0	-		428.4
14:30	US	GDP Annualized	2Q	% q/q	-31.6	-		-31.7
16:00	US	Pending Home Sales	Aug	% m/m	2.0	-		5.9
			THURSDAY (1 O	ctober)				
09:00	PL	Poland Manufacturing PMI	Sep	pts	-	51.2		50.6
09:55	DE	Germany Manufacturing PMI	Sep	pts	56.6	-		56.6
10:00	EZ	Eurozone Manufacturing PMI	Sep	pts	53.7	-		53.7
10:00	PL	Flash CPI	Sep	% y/y	2.9	2.8		2.9
11:00	EZ	Unemployment Rate	Aug	%	8.1	-		7.9
14:30	US	Initial Jobless Claims	week	k	840	-		870
14:30	US	Personal Spending	Aug	% m/m	0.7	-		1.9
14:30	US	Personal Income	Aug	% m/m	-2.1	-		0.4
14:30	US	PCE Deflator SA	Aug	% m/m	0.3	-		0.3
16:00	US	ISM manufacturing	Sep	pts	55.9	-		56.0
			FRIDAY (2 Octo	ober)				
09:00	CZ	GDP SA	2Q	% y/y	-11.0	-		-11.0
11:00	EZ	Flash HICP	Sep	% y/y	-0.1	-		-0.2
14:30	US	Change in Nonfarm Payrolls	Sep	k	865	-		1 371
14:30	US	Unemployment Rate	Sep	%	8.2	-		8.4
16:00	US	Michigan index	Sep	pts	78.9	-		78.9
16:00	US	Factory Orders	Aug	% m/m	1.0	-		6.4

Source: Santander Bank Polska, Bloomberg, Parkiet

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^{*} in the case of a revision the data is updated

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Additional information is available on request. Please contact Santander Bank Polska S.A. Financial Management Division. Economic Analysis Department. al. Jana Pawla II 17. 00-854 Warsaw. Poland. phone +48 22 534 18 87. email ekonomia@santander.pl. http://www.santander.pl.