Eyeopener

Czechs with lowest rates in CEE region

Stocks gain despite poor US and German data EURPLN sharply up at the end of the session No big changes on the Polish FI market Today US monthly nonfarm payrolls

On Thursday, stock were on the rise again and volatility dropped (VIX index down to the 31.5% support level). Positive sentiment on equity market was due to rising NASDAQ and despite worse than expected US labour market report – in the week ending on 2 May there were 3.17mn initial jobless claims. One day ahead of the next US labour market release, Neel Kashkari from Minneapolis Fed said that the unemployment rate will rise to very high levels and the way out of the crisis will be long and gradual. The dollar index remained at 100.25 and 10Y US bond yield rose to 0.72% at first but closed below 0.70%. Gold price was stable, industrial metals prices went up slightly. Brent oil price rose by c.7% to US\$31/bbl after Saudi Arabia decreased the discounts it offered to buyers, in a move to support market prices. Analysts consider this a sign of rebuilding demand. In Germany, March industrial output surprised negatively with -11.6% y/y vs -8.9% market expectations. Bank of England did not change interest rates (main at 0.1%) and its QE size. BoE head Andrew Bailey said the bank may increase the economic stimulus at the meeting next month and his words were interpreted as a sign that an open-ended bond purchase programme may be created.

EURUSD was stable for the better part of the day, near 1.08, but at the end of the session started decreasing and closed at 1.078. Options markets remained quite stable, but despite decreasing EURUSD on Thursday there was bigger client interest in contracts protecting against move up, especially in the short term. Since April, EURUSD already three times tried to break through 1.08 for longer but so far it was unsuccessful (including yesterday's attempt). Today at the opening the rate is near 1.084 and its behaviour later in the day will be determined by the US monthly jobs report. We do not think, however that the release will set a long-lasting trend.

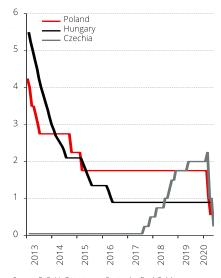
EURPLN opened at 4.55 which was actually quite high given events of the previous day and was gradually receding towards 4.542. In the final hours of the day the exchange rate followed the pattern from Wednesday and jumped to 4.562. At the end of the session the rate went back to 4.553. The option markets did not react to this development yet and remained stable. However, it seems that in the short run EURPLN will be climbing towards 4.57.

In the CEE region, EURHUF opened at 351 on Thursday and was going down to 349, which contrasted with rather weak data – March industrial output fell by 10.0% y/y as compared to expectations at -7.4% y/y. At the end of the day, EURHUF took the cue from EURPLN and ended the day at 351.2. In Czechia the central bank cut rates by 75bp to 0.25% and surprised the markets with consensus at -50bp. The bank Governor said that the CNB rates can go even to 0.00%. This undermined the koruna, which held stable for the better part of the day and EURCZK jumped to 27.3 by 0.7%, while 10Y Czech yields fell by 10bp to 1.1%. The climbing oil prices supported the ruble with the RUB basket falling by 0.9% to 76.55.

On the Polish fixed income market bond auction took place on Thursday. Demand was at PLN8.5bn and the Ministry of Finance sold bonds for the total of PLN5.0bn in five series: OK0722 (PLN1.3bn), PS0425 (PLN1.1bn), WZ0525 (PLN1.0bn), WZ1129 (PLN0.22bn), DS1030 (PLN1.44bn). On the short end of the IRS curve yields tried to break 0.50% from below but without success – 2Y closed at 0.49%. The 2Y bond yields have risen 3bp to 0.57%. On the long end of the curve 10Y IRS traded above 0.95% for a while only to close the day at 0.93%. Yields of 10Y bonds declined to 1.53% (implying 10Y asset swap at 60bp). Given Bund yield of -0.55%, 10Y PL-DE spread traded relatively stable in the vicinity of 208bp.

Today in the USA important data on non-farm payrolls are released (for April), in Poland the second auction of Polish Development Fund will be held.

Main interest rates of the CEE central banks



Source: Refinitiv Datastream, Santander Bank Polska

Economic Analysis Department:

al. Jana Pawła II 17, 00-854 Warszawa email: ekonomia@santander.pl website: <u>santander.pl/en/economic-analysis</u> Piotr Bielski +48 22 534 18 87 Marcin Luziński +48 22 534 18 85 Wojciech Mazurkiewicz +48 22 534 18 86 Grzegorz Ogonek +48 22 534 19 23 Marcin Sulewski, CFA +48 22 534 18 84

📣 Santander

FX market				
Today's opening				
EURPLN	4,5530	CZKPLN	0,1669	
USDPLN	4,1994	HUFPLN*	1,2861	
EURUSD	1,0842	RUBPLN	0,0568	
CHFPLN	4,3181	NOKPLN	0,4113	
GBPPLN	5,2025	DKKPLN	0,6101	
USDCNY	7,0746	SEKPLN	0,4286	

050	CIVI	7,0740	JL		0,4200
*for 100HUF					
Last session in the FX market 07.05.2020					
	min	max	open	close	fixing
EURPLN	4,539	4,563	4,547	4,546	4,551
USDPLN	4,200	4,236	4,210	4,204	4,216
EURUSD	1,077	1,082	1,080	1,081	-

Interest rate market 07.05.2020					
T-I	oonds on	the interb	ank market	**	
Benchmark	%	Change	Last	Series	Average
(term)	70	(bps)	auction	Series	yield
PS0422 (2Y)	0,56	2	5.03.2020	OK0722	1,225
PS1024 (5Y)	1,07	1	5.03.2020	PS1024	1,431
DS1029 (10Y)	1,55	-2	5.03.2020	DS1029	1,725

IRS on the interbank market**

Term	PL			US	EZ		
	%	Change (bps)	%	Change (bps)	%	Change (bps)	
1L	0,39	-1	0,30	-4	-0,37	0	
2L	0,49	1	0,25	-4	-0,30	1	
3L	0,53	1	0,25	-6	-0,32	0	
4L	0,59	1	0,29	-4	-0,32	0	
5L	0,65	0	0,33	-6	-0,31	-2	
8L	0,82	0	0,50	-6	-0,21	-2	
10L	0,93	-1	0,60	-5	-0,14	-4	

WIBOR rates

Term	%	Change (bps)
O/N	0,30	-2
T/N	0,46	11
SW	0,51	0
2W	0,53	-1
1M	0,64	0
3M	0,68	0
6M	0,69	0
1Y	0,75	0

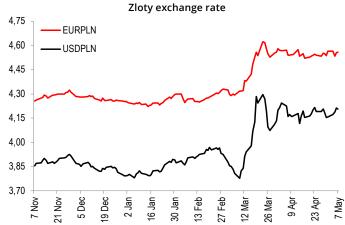
FRA rates on the interbank market**				
Term	%	Change (bps)		
1x4	0,41	-2		
3x6	0,29	3		
6x9	0,30	1		
9x12	0,31	-1		
3x9	0,34	4		
6x12	0,36	1		

Measures of fiscal risk							
Country	CDS 5	CDS 5Y USD		oread*			
	Level	Change (bps)	Level	Change (bps)			
Poland	57	-1	210	3			
France	28	0	52	0			
Hungary	77	0	276	11			
Spain	126	0	144	1			
Italy	175	-1	245	-3			
Portugal	90	0	151	1			
Ireland	34	0	71	2			
Germany	20	0	-	-			

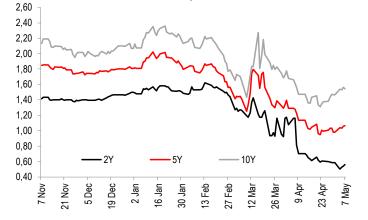
* 10Y treasury bonds over 10Y Bunds

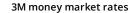
**Information shows bid levels on the interbank market at the end of the trading day

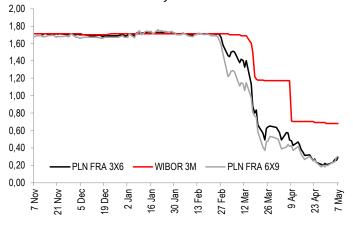
Source: Refinitiv, Datastream

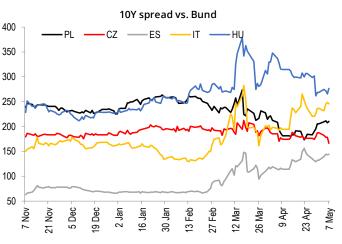












Santander Bank Polska S.A.

Economic Calendar

TIME		INDICATOR	DEDIOD		FORECAST		REALIZED	LAST
CET	COUNTRY	INDICATOR	PERIOD	PERIOD MARKET SANT		SANTANDER	ANTANDER	
			THURSDAY (30) April)				
8:00	DE	Retail sales	Mar	% m/m	-8.0	-	-5.6	0.8
10:00	PL	Flash CPI	Apr	% y/y	-	2.6	3.4	4.6
13:45	EZ	ECB decision		%	0.0	-		0.0
14:30	US	Initial jobless claims	week	k	3250	-		4427
			FRIDAY (1 N	lay)				
	PL	Market holiday						
16:00	US	ISM – manufacturing	Apr	pts	39.1	-	41.5	49.1
			MONDAY (4	May)				
9:00	PL	PMI – manufacturing	Apr	pts	-	35.3	31.9	42.4
9:55	DE	PMI – manufacturing	Apr	pts	34.4	-	34.5	34.4
10:00	EZ	PMI – manufacturing	Apr	pts	33.6	-	33.4	33.6
			TUESDAY (5 I	May)				
16:00	US	ISM – services	Apr	pts	38.0	-	41.8	52.5
			WEDNESDAY (б Мау)				
8:00	DE	Factory orders	Mar	% m/m	-10.0	-	-15.6	-1.2
9:55	DE	PMI – services	Apr	pts	15.9	-	16.2	15.9
10:00	EZ	PMI – services	Apr	pts	11.7	-	12.0	11.7
14:15	US	ADP report	Apr	k	-20 550	-	-20 236	-149
			THURSDAY (7	May)				
4:00	CN	Exports	Apr	% y/y	-11.0	-	3.5	-6.6
14:30	CZ	Central bank decision		%	0.50	-	0.25	1.0
			FRIDAY (8 N	lay)				
14:30	US	Nonfarm payrolls	Apr	k	-21 250	-		-701
14:30	US	Unemployment rate	Apr	%	16.0	-		4.4

Source: Santander Bank Polska. Bloomberg, Parkiet

* in the case of a revision the data is updated

This publication has been prepared by Santander Bank Polska S.A. for information purposes only. It is not an offer or solicitation for the purchase or sale of any financial instrument. Information presented in the publication is not an investment advice. All reasonable care has been taken to ensure that the information contained herein is not untrue or misleading. But no representation is made as to its accuracy or completeness. No reliance should be placed on it and no liability is accepted for any loss arising from reliance on it. Forecasts or data related to the past do not guarantee future prices of financial instruments or financial results. Santander Bank Polska S.A. its affiliates and any of its or their officers may be interested in any transactions. securities or commodities referred to herein. Santander Bank Polska S.A. or solicit business from any company referred to herein. This publication is not intended for the use of private investors. Clients should contact analysts at and execute transactions through a Santander Bank Polska S.A. entity in their home jurisdiction unless governing law permits otherwise. Copyright and database rights protection exists in this publication.

Additional information is available on request. Please contact Santander Bank Polska S.A. Financial Management Division. Economic Analysis Department. al. Jana Pawla II 17. 00-854 Warsaw. Poland. phone +48 22 534 18 87. email ekonomia@santander.pl. http://www.santander.pl.