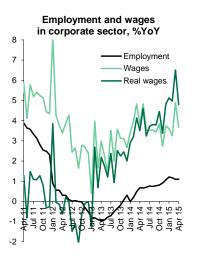
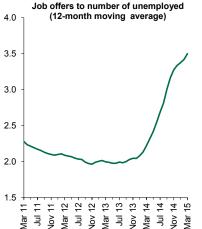
## **INSTANT COMMENT**

19 May 2015

## Labour market data following the trend

In April employment in the corporate sector rose in line with expectations by 1.1% YoY while wages rose 3.7% YoY, roughly in line with market consensus and well below our forecasts (5.0% YoY). Our high forecast for wages was justified by situation in mining where one company paid bonuses earlier than usually while the other was working overtime to make up for suffered due to strikes at the beginning of the year. It could have been the case, that part of companies decided to pay bonuses before Easter (that is in March) and this has neutralized the effect of higher wages in mining. Overall, the April's pace of growth is in line with the earlier releases and is not a big disappointment and suggests the trend continues. The pace of employment growth is not accelerating, and in monthly terms the number of workers decreased. Since the beginning of the year, employment in the enterprise sector increased by 2.4k people, while in the same period of 2014 it was 8.4k. It suggests that trend in employment is weakening and that we may be facing a shortage of workers. We assume positive trends to continue later in the year – employment growing c1% YoY and wages 3-4% YoY which should support private consumption. Today's release did not influence the market.





In April employment in the corporate sector rose in line with expectations by 1.1% YoY while wages rose 3.7% YoY, roughly in line with market consensus and well below our forecasts (5.0% YoY). We assume positive trends to continue later in the year – employment growing c1% YoY and wages 3-4% YoY which should support private consumption.

Our high forecast for wages was justified by situation in mining where one company paid bonuses earlier than usually (KGHM) while the other (JSW) was working overtime to make up for losses suffered due to strikes at the beginning of the year. We do not know yet what has happened in the other mining companies nor details concerning other segments of the economy. Thus, it is hard to say whether today's number was below our forecast due to mining or other sectors. It could have been the case, that part of companies decided to pay bonuses before Easter (that is in March) and this has neutralized the effect of higher wages in mining and inflated wages growth in the corporate sector in March (when wages grew 4.9% YoY). Overall, the April's pace of growth is in line with the earlier releases and is not a big disappointment, suggesting a continuation of positive trend.

Meanwhile, the pace of employment growth is not accelerating, and in monthly terms the number of workers decreased. Since the beginning of the year, employment in the enterprise sector increased by 2.4k people, while in the same period of 2014 it was 8.4k. It suggests that trend in employment is weakening. However, this does not necessarily imply a weaker condition of corporate sector and the decline in demand for labour - fast drop in the registered unemployment rate and an increase in unfilled jobs compared to the number of unemployed show rather that we may already be facing a shortage of workers, which in the medium term could translate into an increase in wage pressure.

The growth rate of real wage bill in the enterprise sector decreased in April to 6.0%YoY, the lowest since December 2014. However, it still remains at a high level, favourable for the private consumption growth.

This publication has been prepared by Bank Zachodni WBK S.A. for information purposes only. It is not an offer or solicitation for the purchase or sale of any financial instrument. Information presented in the publication is not an investment advice. All reasonable care has been taken to ensure that the information contained herein is not untrue or misleading. But no representation is made as to its accuracy or completeness. No reliance should be placed on it and no liability is accepted for any loss arising from reliance on it. Forecasts or data related to the past do not guarantee future prices of financial instruments or financial results. Bank Zachodni WBK S.A. its affiliates and any of its or their officers may be interested in any transactions. securities or commodities referred to herein. Bank Zachodni WBK S.A. its affiliates may perform services for or solicit business from any company referred to herein. This publication is not tant and alaysts at and execute transactions through a Bank Zachodni WBK S.A. entity in their home jurisdiction unless governing law permits otherwise. Copyright and database rights protection exists in this publication. Additional information is available on request. Please contact Bank Zachodni WBK S.A. Rates Area, Economic Analysis Department, al. Jana Pawla II 17, 00-854, Warsaw, Poland, phone +48 22 534 18 88, email ekonomia@bzwk.pl, http://www.bzwk.pl.

## ECONOMIC ANALYSIS DEPARTMENT:

al. Jana Pawła II 17, 00-854, Warszawa fax +48 22 586 83 40	
email: ekonomia@bzwbk.pl	Web site: http://www.bzwbk.pl
Maciej Reluga (Chief Economis	t) +48 22 534 18 88
Piotr Bielski	+48 22 534 18 87
Agnieszka Decewicz	+48 22 534 18 86
Marcin Luziński	+48 22 534 18 85
Marcin Sulewski	+48 22 534 18 84

TREASURY SERVICES:	
Poznań	+48 61 856 5814/30
Warszawa	+48 22 586 8320/38
Wrocław	+48 71 369 9400