Eyeopener

14 February 2019

Today domestic GDP

Positive "trade wars" news, Eurozone economy in a gloomy mood Zloty still under the pressure, EURUSD down Polish t-bonds gains, despite the UST yields up Today: in the morning Polish 4Q18 GDP, in the afternoon US retail sales release

On Wednesday, the global markets were quite positive thanks to comments of president Trump who said that new tariffs on Chinese products may be postponed by 60 days. Weaker data from the European economy did not undermine the moods. The dollar gained, while US bonds lost after information on trade wars and slightly higher inflation, including core in the USA. The single currency was under pressure of disappointing euro zone industrial output, which was also limiting the Bund yield upward potential. Data on Germany GDP in 4Q18, released this morning, were in line with expectations yet worse than flash data showed and proved that the Germany economy failed to make up for losses suffered in 3Q18 (-0.2% q/q). Today the British parliament will discuss the EU exit terms, but it seems improbable that we will get to see a breakthrough.

Poland's current account deficit in 2018 came in at €1.4bn, between market expectations (€1.0bn) and our forecast (€1.8bn) and quite close to the reading from December 2017 (deficit of €1.35bn). The C/A balance resulted from December a highly negative trade balance (€-1.34bn, the lowest in seven years); however, a large deterioration in the final month of the year is typical. Still, exports were markedly lower than expected, expanding by a mere 2.3% y/y (market consensus was 6.9% y/y, our call 4.2%), while imports increased 3.0% y/y (consensus and our forecast 6.6%). Services exports continued to gradually lose pace in December, falling from +10% y/y to +7.9%, but imports of services also showed the slowest growth of 2018 (3.5% y/y vs. 6.6% in the previous month). In our view, the economic slowdown in the euro zone will be a drag on Polish exports, which are likely to underperform in 2019. At the same time, the peak growth of domestic demand is most likely already behind us (we estimate it at 5.3% for 2018, possibly slowing to 4.6% this year), which should also soften the growth rate for imports. According to our estimates, the 2018 current account deficit was at 0.7% of GDP, which is relatively low from a historical perspective. For comparison, in the business cycle that ended with the global financial crisis, during the same phase as we are in now, the C/A deficit exceeded 6% of GDP. Also worth noting is that there was a substantial inflow of EU money through capital accounts in December, amounting to €3.13bn - the second-largest monthly inflow since Poland joined the EU in 2004. This supports our impression that Poland's external position looks quite comfortable.

EURUSD dropped temporarily below 1.13 from 1.134, neutralising Tuesdays increase. The dollar was supported by signals regarding US-China trade negotiations and US inflation data. Today in the morning EURUSD is again below 1.13 and we think there is a room for further decline in the next few days.

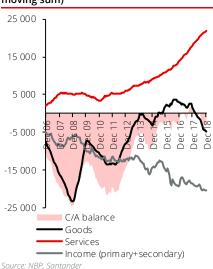
EURPLN was long stable around 4.328 but just before the end of the session the exchange rate started to rise and touched 4.34 at night setting the fresh this year's high. USDPLN rose to nearly 3.84 from 3.815. Yesterday we suggested that EURPLN may head towards the 4.34 resistance and this scenario has materialized. We do not expect today's GDP data to influence the zloty.

Among the CEE currencies, the Czech koruna performed the best thanks to the higher-thanexpected January CPI data. In the recent weeks, the Czech central bankers sounded rather reserved and did not suggest any rush with restarting the rate hikes cycle and that was the reason for the yesterday's noticeable reaction. EURCZK fell to 25.78 from 25.87. In case of the forint and ruble, the session was calm just like on the Polish market.

On the domestic interest rate market yields fell on the short end long end of the curve by 1bp despite weakening of Treasuries. It seems that the Polish bonds benefited from decent Bund performance that ended the session near Tuesday's closing. Today we expect yields to fall slightly.

Today at 10:00CET, the stat office will release 4Q18 GDP data. After the total 2018, the 4Q release is unlikely to surprise, with the headline likely below 5% for the first time since 2Q17. We estimate that the slowdown in investments and private consumption were behind the GDP deceleration, while net exports contributed positively. Our forecast 4.8% is at a market consensus

Balance of payments: main balances (12m moving sum)



Source: NBP, Santander

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Today's opening				
EURPLN	4.3358	CZKPLN	0.1682	
USDPLN	3.8435	HUFPLN*	1.3612	
EURUSD	1.1281	RUBPLN	0.0579	
CHFPLN	3.8122	NOKPLN	0.4452	
GBPPLN	4.9444	DKKPLN	0.5811	
USDCNY	6.7640	SEKPLN	0.4156	

*for 100HUF

Last session in the FX market				13	/02/2019
	min	max	open	close	fixing
EURPLN	4.326	4.337	4.332	4.337	4.3312
USDPLN	3.815	3.847	3.827	3.846	3.8261
EURUSD	1.127	1.134	1.132	1.128	-

Interest rate market

13/02/2019

T-b	T-bonds on the interbank market**							
Benchmark (term)	%	Change (bps)	Last auction	per offer	Average yield			
PS0421 (2L)	1.54	0	7 lut 19	OK0521	1.493			
PS0424 (5L)	2.17	0	7 lut 19	PS0424	2.158			
WS0428 (10L)	2.71	-2	7 lut 19	DS1029	2.820			

IRS on the interbank market**

IRS on the interbank market**							
Term		PL	US		EZ		
	%	Change (bps)	%	Change (bps)	%	Change (bps)	
1L	1.72	0	2.71	1	-0.22	0	
2L	1.77	0	2.67	3	-0.16	0	
3L	1.83	0	2.62	3	-0.07	1	
4L	1.92	-1	2.60	3	0.03	1	
5L	2.03	-1	2.60	2	0.13	0	
8L	2.24	-1	2.67	2	0.46	0	
10L	2.37	-1	2.72	2	0.66	0	

WIBOR rates

WIDOK rates)	
Term	%	Change (bps)
O/N	1.60	0
T/N	1.60	0
SW	1.56	0
2W	1.58	0
1M	1.64	0
3M	1.72	0
6M	1.79	0
9M	1.82	0
1Y	1.87	0

FRA rates on the interbank market**

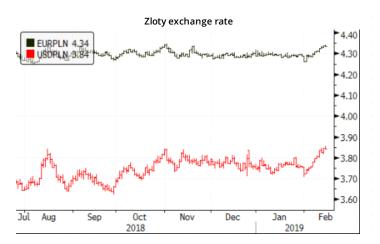
Term	%	Change (bps)
1x4	1.71	0
3x6	1.71	0
6x9	1.70	0
9x12	1.70	0
3x9	1.78	0
6x12	1.76	0

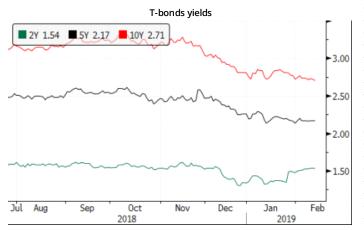
Measures of fiscal risk

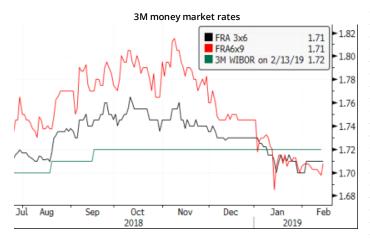
Country	CDS :	5Y USD	10Y s	pread*
	Level	Change (bps)	Level	Change (bps)
Poland			2.59	-2
France	37	0	0.42	-1
Hungary			2.58	-1
Spain	76	1	1.11	0
Italy	225	-4	2.64	-2
Portugal	88	1	1.46	-1
Ireland	41	-1	0.76	-1
Germany	13	0	-	-



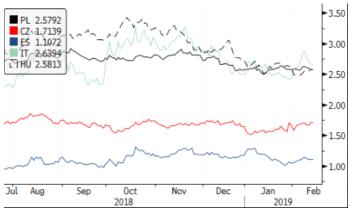
**Information shows bid levels on the interbank market at the end of the trading day Source: Bloomberg













Economic Calendar

TIME				FORECAST		ACTUAL	LAST	
CET	COUNTRY	INDICATOR	PERIOD	PERIOD	MARKET	SANTANDER	VALUE	VALUE*
			FRIDAY (8 Feb	ruary)				
08:00	DE	Exports SA	Dec	% m/m	0.4		1.5	-0.3
	•		MONDAY (11 Fe	bruary)				
		No important events						
			TUESDAY (12 Fe	bruary)				
09:00	HU	CPI	Jan	% y/y	2.8	-	2.7	2.7
			WEDNESDAY (13	February)				
09:00	CZ	CPI	Jan	% y/y	2.1	-	2.5	2.0
11:00	EZ	Industrial Production	Dec	% m/m	-0.4	-	-0.9	-1.7
14:00	PL	Current Account Balance	Dec	€mn	-960	-1 770	- 1400	-240
14:00	PL	Trade Balance	Dec	€mn	-1 156	-1 640	-1 340	-222
14:00	PL	Exports	Dec	€mn	16 600	16 303	16 005	20 058
14:00	PL	Imports	Dec	€mn	17 881	17 943	17 345	20 280
14:30	US	CPI	Jan	% m/m	0.1	-	0.0	-0.1
			THURSDAY (14 F	ebruary)				
08:00	DE	GDP	4Q	% y/y	0.8	-	0.9	1.1
09:00	HU	GDP	4Q	% y/y	4.6	-	5.0	4.9
10:00	PL	GDP	4Q	% y/y	4.8	4.8		5.1
11:00	EZ	GDP	4Q	% y/y	1.2	-		1.2
14:30	US	Initial Jobless Claims	week	k	225	-		234
14:30	US	Retail Sales	Dec	% m/m	0.1	-		0.2
			FRIDAY (15 Feb	oruary)				
09:00	CZ	GDP	4Q	% y/y	2.4	-		2.4
10:00	PL	CPI	Jan	% y/y	1.0	0.7		1.1
15:15	US	Industrial Production	Jan	% m/m	0.1	-		0.35
16:00	US	Flash Michigan index	Feb	pts	94.0	-		91.2

Source: Santander Bank Polska. Bloomberg, Parkiet

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^{*} in case of the revision the data is updated