13 September 2018

# Eyeopener

# Today ECB decision and data from Poland

Markets calm ahead of ECB Forint and koruna under impact of external events Zloty a bit weaker, Polish bonds gain Today data from Poland and USA, ECB decision

Wednesday session was calm, no key publications were released and markets were awaiting today's decision and press conference of ECB. As a result the intraday volatility of major currencies was lower than on Tuesday. Bond yields were going down as investors likely assumed that the ECB rhetoric will become more dovish due to the recent weak economic data. This morning the market sentiment is rather positive thanks to US willingness to continue trade talks with China.

**EURUSD** did not see big moves yesterday and stayed close to 1.16, within the range set by Tuesday minimum and maximum. As we expected, the exchange rate moved without a clear trend, but the situation may change today in reaction to Mario Draghi's words. The market assumes that the ECB rhetoric will be softened given the streak of poor economic data. However, in our view even if the ECB notes the worrying data, it will stick to the plan to stop asset purchases by the end of the year. The ECB meeting may thus turn out to be positive for the euro.

**EURPLN** rose yesterday above 4.31 from c4.30 due to sudden decline of the forint (details below), while USDPLN remained close to 3.72. Exchange rate volatility was lower in Poland than in the rest of the region. Today the zloty may be influenced by the ECB meeting. We think the central bank's rhetoric will send EURUSD higher and if the negative correlation of the exchange rate with EURPLN holds, then the zloty might gain.

In case of the **other CEE currencies** we witnessed some bigger changes. EURCZK fell temporarily to its lowest since May (25.53) after the Czech central bank governor Jiří Rusnok said that the next rate hike could take place as soon as this month. At the same time, the forint has clearly underperformed with EURHUF rising temporarily above 326 (from below 325) after the European Parliament voted to start an Article 7 procedure against Hungary (the same that was launched against Poland in December 2017). The "Polish case" shows that the yesterday's PE decision may not have a long-lasting impact on the forint.

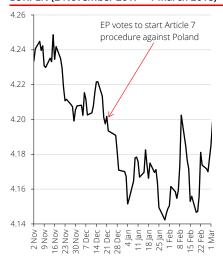
On the domestic interest rate market yields fell by more than 4bp and IRS by c3bp on the belly and long end of the curves. Yesterday Polish bonds outperformed its German and US peers. We think that the ECB rhetoric will rather not be supportive for bonds and today we might see some profit taking after the yesterday's strengthening.

**Today we will see final August CPI.** Flash release at 2% y/y is likely to the confirmed. We do not know the details yet but it seems that core inflation may have made a significant step higher for the first time this year, to 0.8-0.9%. We might finally see some increase in services inflation, which was depressed in 1H18 from 2.8% y/y to 1.4%, and failed to rebound despite all the pressure coming from the labour market.

**Today at 14:00CET the NBP will release July balance of payments data**. Stats office data on foreign trade indicate a quite strong turnover in July, with exports up 12.4% y/y and imports +13.3% y/y. This suggests some upside risk to our estimates of exports and imports that will be presented in NBP C/A data, which we are expecting at 10.1% y/y and 10.7% y/y, respectively (the figures from the two data sources, Stats office and NBP, usually differ slightly, with the latter getting more attention). July was also a month of stronger-than-expected industrial output. The next release of trade data will be more interesting, as it might show the scale of negative response of Polish exports to falling business confidence and poor performance of German industry, as seen in recent publications.

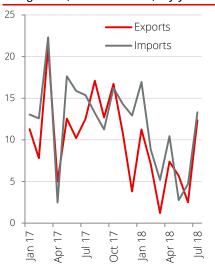
NBP released a draft of its **monetary policy guidelines** for 2019. The document does not include any meaningful changes compared to previous years, the inflation target is to stay at 2.5% y/y. According to the central bank, the biggest risk factor for the Polish economy would be the intensification of foreign trade tensions.

#### EURPLN (2 November 2017 – 1 March 2018)



Source: Stats Reuters, Santander Bank Polska

## Foreign trade, Stats Office data, % y/y



Source: Stats Office, Santander Bank Polska

#### **Economic Analysis Department:**

al. Jana Pawła II 17, 00-854 Warszawa email: ekonomia@santander.pl website: skarb.santander.pl Piotr Bielski +48 22 534 18 87 Marcin Luziński +48 22 534 18 85 Grzegorz Ogonek +48 22 534 19 23 Konrad Soszyński +48 22 534 18 86 Marcin Sulewski +48 22 534 18 84



Today's opening				
EURPLN	4.3112	CZKPLN	0.1686	
USDPLN	3.7078	HUFPLN*	1.3254	
EURUSD	1.1628	RUBPLN	0.0539	
CHFPLN	3.8249	NOKPLN	0.4488	
GBPPLN	4.8345	DKKPLN	0.5780	
USDCNY	6.8498	SEKPLN	0.4129	

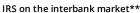
\*for 100HUF

Last session in the FX market			12	/09/2018	
	min	max	open	close	fixing
EURPLN	4.303	4.315	4.306	4.312	4.3103
USDPLN	3.695	3.728	3.716	3.708	3.7198
EURUSD	1.157	1.165	1.159	1.163	-

#### Interest rate market

#### 12/09/2018

T-bonds on the interbank market**								
Benchmark (term)	per offer	Average yield						
DS1020 (2L)	1.61	<b>(bps)</b> -1	auction 6 wrz 18		1.610			
DS1023 (5L)	2.55	0	6 wrz 18	PS0123	2.462			
WS0428 (10L)	3.23	-4	6 wrz 18	WS0428	3.249			



INS OIL THE INTERBALK HAIREL								
Term	PL			US	EZ			
	%	Change (bps)	%	Change (bps)	%	Change (bps)		
1L	1.77	0	2.73	0	-0.25	0		
2L	1.96	0	2.93	0	-0.15	0		
3L	2.15	-1	2.98	0	0.00	0		
4L	2.33	-2	2.99	-1	0.16	0		
5L	2.48	-3	2.99	-1	0.31	-1		
8L	2.80	-3	3.00	-1	0.71	-1		
10L	2.96	-4	3.03	-1	0.92	-1		

## **WIBOR** rates

Term	%	Change (bps)
O/N	1.53	-1
T/N	1.53	-1
SW	1.55	0
2W	1.60	0
1M	1.64	0
3M	1.71	0
6M	1.79	0
9M	1.82	0
1Y	1.87	0

# FRA rates on the interbank market\*\*

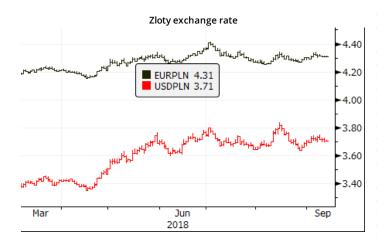
FRA Tates Of	i tile iliterbalik iliaiket	
Term	%	Change (bps)
1x4	1.72	0
3x6	1.74	-1
6x9	1.78	-2
9x12	1.81	-1
3x9	1.82	-1
6v12	1.86	-1

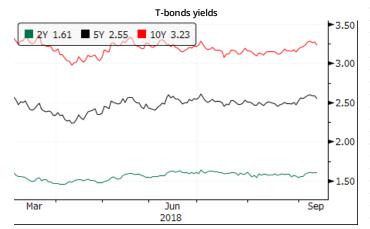
# Measures of fiscal risk

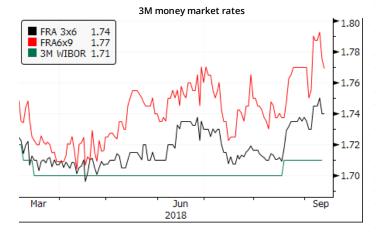
Country	CDS 5	Y USD	10Y spread*			
	Level	Change (bps)	Level	Change (bps)		
Poland			2.82	-4		
France	25	0	0.31	0		
Hungary	116	1	3.15	0		
Spain	62	1	1.05	0		
Italy	236	5	2.57	3		
Portugal	64	0	1.45	0		
Ireland	25	0	0.48	1		
Germany	10	0	-	-		



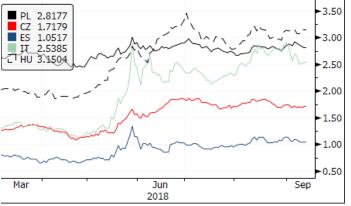
<sup>\*\*</sup>Information shows bid levels on the interbank market at the end of the trading day Source: Bloomberg













# **Economic Calendar**

Time Country		Indicator	Period		Forecast		Actual	Last
CET	Country	indicator	Period		Market	Santander	value	value
		F	riday (7 Septemb	per)				
08:00	DE	Export	Jul	% m/m	0.2		-0.9	0.1
08:00	DE	Industrial Production	Jul	% m/m	0.2	-	-1.1	-0.9
11:00	EZ	GDP SA	2Q	% y/y	2.2	-	2.1	2
14:30	US	Change in Nonfarm Payrolls	Aug	k	192	-	201	15
14:30	US	Unemployment rate	Aug	%	3.8		3.9	3.9
		Mo	onday (10 Septen	nber)				
09:00	CZ	CPI	Aug	% y/y	2.4		2.5	2
		Tu	esday (11 Septer	nber)				
09:00	HU	CPI	Aug	% y/y	3.3		3.4	3.4
11:00	DE	ZEW Survey Current Situation	Sep-18	pts	71.6	-	76.0	72.
		Wed	nesday (12 Septe	ember)				
11:00	EZ	Industrial Production	Jul	% m/m	-0.5	-	-0.8	-0.
		Thu	ırsday (13 Septei	mber)				
08:00	DE	HICP	Aug	% m/m	0.0	-	0.0	0.0
10:00	PL	СРІ	Aug	% y/y	2.0	2.0		2.
13:45	EZ	ECB Main Refinancing Rate		%	0.0	-		0.0
14:00	PL	Current Account Balance	Jul	€mn	-659	-418		-24
14:00	PL	Trade Balance	Jul	€mn	-356	-255		-41
14:00	PL	Exports	Jul	€mn	17059	17160		1807
14:00	PL	Imports	Jul	€mn	17457	17415		1848
14:30	US	CPI	Aug	% m/m	0.3	-		0
14:30	US	Initial Jobless Claims		k	210	-		21
		Fr	riday (14 Septem	ber)				
14:00	PL	CPI Core	Aug	% y/y	0.8	0.8		0.0
14:30	US	Retail Sales Advance	Aug	% m/m	0.6	-		0.
15:15	US	Industrial Production	Aug	% m/m	0.4	-		0.
16:00	US	Michigan Index	Sep	pts	96.2	-		96.
	PL	Rating Review by Moody's						

Source: Santander Bank Polska. Bloomberg, Parkiet

This publication has been prepared by Santander Bank Polska S.A. for information purposes only. It is not an offer or solicitation for the purchase or sale of any financial instrument. Information presented in the publication is not an investment advice. All reasonable care has been taken to ensure that the information contained herein is not untrue or misleading. But no representation is made as to its accuracy or completeness. No reliance should be placed on it and no liability is accepted for any loss arising from reliance on it. Forecasts or data related to the past do not guarantee future prices of financial instruments or financial results. Santander Bank Polska S.A. its affiliates and any of its or their officers may be interested in any transactions, securities or commodities referred to herein. Santander Bank Polska S.A. or its affiliates may perform services for or solicit business from any company referred to herein. This publication is not intended for the use of private investors. Clients should contact analysts at and execute transactions through a Santander Bank Polska S.A. entity in their home jurisdiction unless governing law permits otherwise. Copyright and database rights protection exists in this publication.

Additional information is available on request. Please contact Santander Bank Polska S.A. Financial Management Division. Economic Analysis Department. al. Jana Pawla II 17. 00-854 Warsaw. Poland. phone +48 22 534 18 87. email ekonomia@santander.pl. http://www.santander.pl.

<sup>\*</sup> in case of the revision the data is updated