

EYEOPENER

7 August 2018

Budget surplus shrinkage ahead

- Emerging market currencies under pressure of lira's and leu's depreciation and stronger dollar
- Risk assets under pressure of trade wars, bonds gained
- Central budget balance to worsen from now on

The beginning of the week has not been good for the emerging markets currencies, most of which lost versus the euro and the dollar. The downward pressure came from the Turkish market, where the lira hit the new low against the dollar, and in Romania, where the leu depreciated after the Romanian central bank refused to raise interest rates despite inflation well above the target (5.4% in June vs. the target is 1.5%-3.5%; the base rate of the central bank is 2.50%). Additional pressure on the emerging markets currencies was exerted by worse moods globally (given returning fears of how trade wars would affect the global growth) and stronger dollar. Among the CEE currencies, koruna stood the strongest as its depreciation potential was limited by the data on June manufacturing output and exports, much better than expected. The data on German industrial production and exports in June, published this morning, did not show clear accumulation of activity before imposition of US tariffs as it was the case in China.

According to the Polish Press Agency and Reuters, Finance Minister Teresa Czerwinska commented that budget results after July will not be as optimistic as in June, when the budget surplus hit PLN9.5 billion. In our opinion, the budget surplus fell to cPLN6 billion in July. Recent comments from the Ministry of Finance suggested that after July, the budget surplus could have even vanished, but in our view, that would be a surprise given previous budget results: in recent years (2010-2017), in July alone the budget deficit was at a mere cPLN0.3 billion. Regarding the full-year budget performance, the Finance Minister said she wished the deficit would come in at 50% of the budget act limit (PLN41.5 billion), like in 2017. Our forecasts are similar to Czerwinska's view, but we cannot rule out that the budget act will be amended at the vear-end in order to allow higher spending. According to the Finance Minister's estimate, 2018 will be the peak of economic cycle, so annual GDP growth will be higher than the 4.6% recorded in 2017, and 2019 will witness a slowdown. This is more or less in line with our forecasts (4.6% in 2018, 3.7% in 2019).

According to the Ministry of Labor, in July the number of unemployed persons fell by 6.4k and the registered unemployment rate stayed flat at 5.9%, in the line with our expectations. This year, unemployment fell significantly less than in the previous year (declining by 120k unemployed persons between

December and July, vs. 195k unemployed persons in the corresponding period of 2017) and over the last few months we may have seen that the downward tendencies were losing steam. In our view, the registered unemployment rate is likely to fall a bit further in the months to come, but will generally remain close to the current level.

According to the NBP Senior Loan Officers' Survey for 2Q18 sectoral risks and risk linked to the situation of major clients decreased (in both cases for the first time since 2H14). Banks showed rising concerns about the housing market (its situation encouraged them to tighten policy) there was a significant increase of mortgage loan demand for the second quarter running. Assessments of the general business environment and households' economic situation remained very good, which suggests that banks will not be rapidly tightening their credit policies. The indicator that tracks credit demand linked to enterprises' investment plans remained positive, but was the lowest in the last five quarters marked by its rebound.

Yesterday **EURUSD** went down for the fifth session in a row and temporarily approached 1.153. The last five-session streak of its declines took place in May but it was not a harbinger of trend reversal. The US currency benefits from worse mood on markets and perspective of two more FOMC's interest hikes this year. In our opinion in next few days, the exchange rate can move closer to 1.15 but we do not assume this support will be broken.

EURPLN reached 4.275 intraday vs 4.252 at the opening while USDPLN rose to 3.705 from 3.685 amid weaker sentiment on the emerging markets. By the end of the Polish session, the domestic currency managed to recover and both exchange rates ended the day near 4.26 and 3.69, respectively. Today in the morning, the zloty is even a touch stronger. We think that in the short term, it could be difficult for the zloty to continue its appreciation impulse as the dollar could remain strong and investors could take profit from the recent EURPLN drop.

The **other CEE currencies** were also under pressure for the better part of the day – EURHUF rose to 320.5 from 319.5 and USDRUB to 63.7 from 63.3. EURCZK remained fairly stable near 25.64 even when its CEE peers were depreciating.

On **the domestic interest rate market** IRS and bond yields fell by no more than 2bp, following core markets. Polish bonds gained at a similar scale to Bund and less than euro zone peripheries.

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| | FX market | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------|---------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Today's opening | g | | | | | | |
| EURPLN | 4.2491 | CZKPLN | 0.1658 | | | | |
| USDPLN | 3.6703 | HUFPLN* | 1.3305 | | | | |
| EURUSD | 1.1577 | RUBPLN | 0.0578 | | | | |
| CHFPLN | 3.6870 | NOKPLN | 0.4463 | | | | |
| GBPPLN | 4.7582 | DKKPLN | 0.5701 | | | | |
| USDCNY | 6.8345 | SEKPLN | 0.4113 | | | | |
| *fo = 400LUUE | | | | | | | |

*for 100HUF

| Last session in the FX market 06/08/201 | | | | | | |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--|
| | min | max | open | close | fixing | |
| EURPLN | 4.249 | 4.277 | 4.259 | 4.256 | 4.2672 | |
| USDPLN | 3.676 | 3.709 | 3.680 | 3.681 | 3.692 | |
| EURUSD | 1.153 | 1.157 | 1.157 | 1.156 | - | |

Interest rate market 06/08/2018 T-bonds on the interbank market**

| Benchmark | % | Change | Last | Paper | Average |
|--------------|------|--------|-----------|---------|---------|
| (term) | 70 | (bps) | auction | offered | yield |
| OK0720 (2L) | 1.54 | -3 | 27-Jul-18 | OK0720 | 1.592 |
| DS1023 (5L) | 2.47 | 0 | 27-Jul-18 | PS0123 | 2.335 |
| WS0428 (10L) | 3.09 | -2 | 27-Jul-18 | WS0428 | 3.144 |

IRS on the interbank market**

| Term | | PL | | US | EZ | | |
|------|------|-----------------|------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|--|
| | % | Change (bps) | % | Change (bps) | % | Change (bps) | |
| 1L | 1.75 | 0 | 2.67 | 0 | -0.25 | 0 | |
| 2L | 1.94 | 0 | 2.86 | -1 | -0.14 | 0 | |
| 3L | 2.13 | 0 | 2.92 | -1 | 0.01 | 0 | |
| 4L | 2.31 | 0 | 2.94 | -1 | 0.16 | -1 | |
| 5L | 2.47 | -1 | 2.95 | -2 | 0.31 | -1 | |
| 8L | 2.77 | -1 | 2.98 | -2 | 0.70 | -1 | |
| 10L | 2.94 | -1 | 3.01 | -2 | 0.92 | -1 | |

WIBOR rates

| Term | % | Change (bps) |
|------|------|-----------------|
| O/N | 1.54 | -1 |
| T/N | 1.54 | -1 |
| SW | 1.55 | 0 |
| 2W | 1.60 | 0 |
| 1M | 1.64 | 0 |
| 3M | 1.70 | 0 |
| 6M | 1.78 | 0 |
| 9M | 1.79 | 0 |
| 1Y | 1.82 | 0 |

FRA rates on the interbank market**

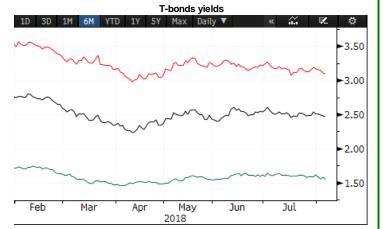
| Term | % | Change (bps) |
|------|------|-----------------|
| 1x4 | 1.70 | 0 |
| 3x6 | 1.71 | 0 |
| 6x9 | 1.74 | 0 |
| 9x12 | 1.79 | 0 |
| 3x9 | 1.79 | 0 |
| 6x12 | 1.82 | 0 |

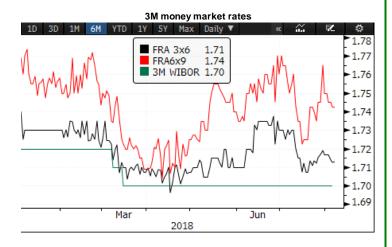
Measures of fiscal risk

| inicacar co or ricoar rick | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------|--------|-------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Country | CDS 5 | YUSD | 10Ys | 10Y spread* | | | |
| | Level | Change | Level | Change | | | |
| | | (bps) | | (bps) | | | |
| Poland | | | 2.70 | -2 | | | |
| France | 26 | 0 | 0.32 | 0 | | | |
| Hungary | 116 | 1 | 2.96 | 2 | | | |
| Spain | 67 | 0 | 1.00 | -1 | | | |
| Italy | 213 | 0 | 2.51 | 0 | | | |
| Portugal | 64 | 0 | 1.36 | 0 | | | |
| Ireland | 25 | 0 | 0.47 | 0 | | | |
| Germany | 11 | 0 | - | - | | | |

^{* 10}Y treasury bonds over 10Y Bunds







10Y spread vs. Bund



^{**}Information shows bid levels on the interbank market at the end of the trading day Source: Bloomberg



Economic calendar

| TIME | | INDICATOR | PERIOD | | FORECAST | | ACTUAL VALUE | LAST |
|-------|----|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------|----------|-------|-----------------|-------|
| CET | | | | | MARKET | BZWBK | | VALUE |
| | | | FRIDAY (3 Augu | st) | | | | |
| 03:45 | CH | Caixin China PMI Services | Jul | pts | 53.5 | - | 52.8 | 53.9 |
| 09:55 | DE | Markit Germany Services PMI | Jul | pts | 54.4 | - | 54.1 | 54.4 |
| 10:00 | EZ | Eurozone Services PMI | Jul | pts | 54.4 | - | 54.2 | 54.4 |
| 11:00 | EZ | Retail Sales | Jun | % m/m | 0.4 | - | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| 14:30 | US | Change in Nonfarm Payrolls | Jul | k | 192 | - | 157 | 248 |
| 14:30 | US | Unemployment Rate | Jul | % | 3.9 | - | 3.9 | 4.0 |
| 16:00 | US | ISM services | Jul | pts | 58.6 | - | 55.7 | 59.1 |
| | | | MONDAY (6 Aug | ust) | | | | |
| 08:00 | DE | Factory Orders | Jun | % m/m | -0.4 | - | -4.0 | 2.6 |
| 09:00 | CZ | Industrial Production | Jun | % y/y | 1.9 | - | 3.4 | 1.4 |
| | | | TUESDAY (7 Aug | ust) | | | | |
| 08:00 | DE | Exports SA | Jun | % m/m | -0.4 | - | 0.0 | 1.7 |
| 08:00 | DE | Industrial Production SA | Jun | % m/m | -0.5 | - | -0.9 | 2.6 |
| | | W | /EDNESDAY (8 Au | ıgust) | | | | |
| 03:00 | HU | MNB minutes | | | - | | | |
| 09:00 | HU | CPI | Jul | % y/y | 3.3 | - | | 3.1 |
| | | | THURSDAY (9 Aug | gust) | | | | |
| 09:00 | CZ | CPI | Jul | % y/y | 2.3 | - | | 2.6 |
| 14:30 | US | Initial Jobless Claims | week | k | 220 | - | | 217 |
| | | | FRIDAY (10 Augu | ust) | | | | |
| 14:30 | US | CPI | Jul | % m/m | 0.2 | - | | 0.1 |

Source: BZ WBK. Bloomberg, Parkiet

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^{*} in case of the revision the data is updated